

# CROSSFIELD CHRONICLE

VOL. XXIX. No. 31

CROSSFIELD, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, JUNE 27, 1935

PRICE 1.50 A YEAR

Friday and Saturday

## BARGAINS

WOOD BOX SODAS, regular 45c.	39c
10 lb. boxes 40-50 PRUNES—Not only wonderful value but real prunes.	1.29
STRAWBERRY JAM—Very scarce and very high—Quart Sealers—Special.	54c
AUSTRALIAN SLICED PEACHES Large	25c
SQUIRREL BRAND PEANUT BUTTER In useful tumbler.	25c
AYLMER TOMATO JUICE . . . 3 tins	25c
EAMON'S ORANGE MARMALADE 4 lb. tin	55c

### STRAWBERRIES

If you want the Best Quality Coast Berries  
get them now. Today's price, per case. . . **2.85**

**2 Boxes for . . . 25c**

System Need Toining—Here's the Medicine—  
Cauliflower, Tomatoes, Celery, Rhubarb, Lettuce,  
Grape Fruit, Oranges.

## Halliday & Laut

Consult Our Circulars  
FOR

## Bargains in Hardware

Seasonable needed lines at new low prices. If the  
postman missed you come and get your copy.

## Wm. Laut

ATTENTION, TRACTOR OWNERS !  
GET YOUR REQUIREMENTS OF

### OILS and GREASES

from the "Old Reliable" Firm

British American Oil Co. Ltd.

OUR PRICES ARE RIGHT

Phone 4 and We Deliver.

## Crossfield Garage

F. T. BAKER

Agents for British-American Products.

## Trade In Your Old Tires

On New ATLAS Guaranteed Tires.

GREASING, WASHING and

TOP DRESSING a Specialty.

Pay us a call, we treat you right.

Service That Satisfies.

## O. K. Service Station and North End Garage

Phone No. 6

## CROSSFIELD TRANSFER and STORAGE

Daily Service Crossfield and Calgary.

INSURED LOADS

Heavy Hauling and Trailer Hauling.

M. PATMORE Phone 62

Crossfield

Calgary Phone—M 1826

## All Roads Lead to Crossfield for Dominion Day

Extra Effort Being Made to Make July 1st Sports Day Best in Years

Granted good weather July 1st  
will be one of the biggest Sport  
Days in the annals of Crossfield's  
history.

T. Tredaway has done considerable  
missionary work, and Beiseker  
has promised many carloads of  
spectators as well as a bus full of  
ball players, other points Crossfield  
west and Acme have made similar  
promises so the crowd should be  
a record one.

East Crossfield will play the Mid-  
get All Stars and this promises to  
be a hi-life of the day.

Help things out by entering into  
the Parade even if you only decor-  
ate your car with flags, but be in  
there to assist. Please arrange to  
assemble at the south end of Main  
Street by 10.30 on the 1st so as to  
enable the parade to start at the  
stated hour.

Parade, athletic events, baseball,  
softball and a dance in the U.F.A.  
hall at night will wind up one of  
the biggest celebrations in the history  
of Crossfield.

The Carstairs - Crossfield Band  
will furnish music throughout the day.  
The Celebration is sponsored by  
the Crossfield and District Board  
of Trade.

Crossfield first on the first, that's  
the slogan.

## OBITUARY

JAMES S. RUDDY

One of the pioneer residents of  
the Crossfield district, James S.  
Ruddy, passed away at his home in  
Calgary, Saturday night, June 22nd,  
after a lingering illness, at the age  
of 76 years.

The late Mr. Ruddy was born in  
Dekalb, Ill., and moved to Iowa  
when a boy of four. In 1902 he  
came to Alberta and homesteaded in  
the Crossfield district. He retired  
nine years ago and moved to Cal-  
gary.

Surviving are his widow, Mary  
Irene, two daughters, Mrs. L. Able-  
man and Mrs. C. Fox, both of  
Crossfield, one son, Frank, of Cross-  
field, a sister, Mrs. M. Nicholson,  
at Manyberries, Alberta; two sisters  
and a brother in South Dakota,  
and six grandchildren.

Requiem mass was celebrated at  
St. Francis Church, Crossfield on  
Tuesday morning. Interment was  
made in the family plot at local  
cemetery.

The pallbearers were C. C. Staf-  
ford, J. Mason, F. Laut, D. Onitkes,  
J. P. Conrad and Mr. Cruise.  
Funeral arrangements were in  
charge of the Armstrong Funeral  
Home.

MRS. BEULAH HUSER

The people of the district were  
shocked by the sad news of the  
passing of Mrs. George Huser Tues-  
day morning at the General Hos-  
pital, Calgary.

Mrs. Huser (nee Beulah Heuber)  
was in the prime of life being only  
33 years of age, and leaves to mourn  
her passing her husband George  
and infant son Garry; also her par-  
ents Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Heuber,  
Seattle, and one brother Herbert of  
Seattle.

The late Mrs. Huser was born in  
Anaconda, Montana, and came to  
this district in 1930, where she has  
resided until her illness of three  
weeks ago.

Funeral services will be held  
(Thursday) at 3 o'clock from Shavers  
Funeral Chapel, Calgary.

The remains will be forwarded  
on tonight's train for interment at  
Seattle, Wash.

## Local Citizens Asked to Decorate on July 1st.

The Mayor and Council bespeak  
the co-operation of all citizens, that  
they will arrange to display flags or  
other decorations on July 1st, and  
also have their premises tidied up  
for the occasion.

Many visitors will be in town for  
July 1st, and it is desired to create  
on them a good impression.

Co-operation by one and all will  
be appreciated, and it is hoped  
that everyone will respond to their  
utmost.

The Council are doing their bit  
by attending to the streets and  
having the park mowed and put in  
ship shape order, and now citizens  
you do your part.

Mrs. D. Cameron who is on the  
sick list is slowly recovering.

## Dog Pound Stampede and Celebration, Wed. July 24

The 29th annual Dog Pound  
Stampede and Celebration will be  
held on Wednesday, July 24th.  
There will be good prizes for the  
Broncho riding championship, steer  
riding, bareback riding, calf roping,  
wild cow milking. Bring on your  
bucking horses, there will be a  
prize of \$10.00 and \$5.00 for the  
worst horses.

Horse races include a stake race,  
quarter mile race, half-mile race,  
and a mile race.

Athletic events include children's  
races, high jump, broad, hop, step  
and jump, 100 yard dash, mile race,  
quarter mile race, pole vaulting.  
Entries free.

A dance at night on an open-air  
platform will wind up the celebra-  
tion.

M. M. Boucher is president, and  
R. Haley, secretary.

## Principal Johnstone Resigns

At a recent meeting of the School  
Board, the resignation of P. L. John-  
stone was accepted. The other  
teachers were re-elected.

## Liberals Win In New Brunswick

Saint John, N. B., June 27.—The  
smashing victory of 43 Liberals left  
the Conservative party with only  
five seats in the next house. From  
a total of 14 at dissolution, mem-  
bership of the former opposition has  
been increased by 29.

## Teachers Entertained

Mrs. J. M. Williams entertained  
at the tea hour on Tuesday after-  
noon honoring Mrs. Emery and  
Miss Brown, members of the Cross-  
field school staff.

A representative gathering of the  
mothers was present to enjoy the  
very excellent hospitality of the  
hostess and to express the high re-  
gard in which these teachers are  
held and warm appreciation of their  
earnest and successful efforts  
towards the progress of their pupils  
and also to wish them a pleasant  
holiday before the opening of an-  
other school year.

## Local Boys Go To Camp

With "A" Squadron

"B" Squadron 15th, Canadian  
Light Horse will arrive from Innis-  
fail on Saturday. M. C. Grant,  
Ralph McFadyen and Douglas Flem-  
ing of Crossfield will proceed to  
Sance Camp with them to join  
"A" Squadron. Major P. P. Little-  
wood of Calgary is the officer com-  
manding "A" Squadron, which old  
timers will remember as that com-  
manded by the late Lt. Col. R. L.  
Boyle of Crossfield.

## New Telephone Connections

We are given to understand that  
four additional phones were con-  
nected up last week to the local  
rural telephone line, namely, Geo.  
Leask, N. King, Chas. Taylor, and  
R. Smiley, of the Madden district.

These phones were previously  
connected up with Carstairs, there-  
fore it is gratifying to know that  
we are in close touch with these  
new shareholders, as we know some  
of them have wanted a phone con-  
nection with Crossfield for several  
years.

## Tennis Notes

Carstairs Win Four of Seven Matches  
in Tennis Tournament

The first tournament of the sea-  
son was held on the local courts  
on Sunday, when Carstairs won  
four of the seven matches.

Following are the results:  
Mixed Doubles—Jim Boucock and Miss  
Rostrop defeated Merle Heywood and  
Mrs. C. H. McMillan.

Ladies Doubles—Mrs. Goldie and Mrs.  
Stevens defeated Miss Alberta Beckner  
and Miss Mary Edmundson.

Men's Doubles—Jack Boucock and Mr.  
Beckner defeated Ken McCrae and Ken  
Bochridge.

Men's Singles—A. Stevens defeated O.  
Rostrop in two straight sets.

Mixed Doubles—Mr. Currie and Miss  
Beckner defeated Mr. and Mrs. Jones.

Ladies Singles—Isobel Goldie defeated  
Mabel Edmundson—match going to three  
sets.

Junior Mixed Doubles—Miss Donnelly  
and Mr. Beckner defeated Margaret Cam-  
eron and Gavin Goldie.

## Week-end Special

Oranges dozen	-	-	-	35c
Lemons per dozen	-	-	-	35c
Grape Fruit each	-	-	-	10c
Ice Cream Junket per pkt	-	-	-	10c
Rhubarb 6 lbs for	-	-	-	25c
Cabbage 3 lbs for	-	-	-	20c
Strawberries 2 bkts	-	-	-	25c
Cornflakes, Quaker or Kellogs each	-	-	-	9c
Corn Flakes Sugar Crisp 3 for	-	-	-	25c

Crossfield U. F. A. Store

## Because It Is Farmer Owned

Because it is farmers expert, and they have a right to  
expect, the highest possible standard of service and treat-  
ment at elevators of this farmers' company.

And many farmers tell us that they do get such service  
and treatment at U. G. G. Elevators.

DELIVER YOUR GRAIN TO

## UNITED GRAIN GROWERS LTD

Elevators at Crossfield, Cochrane, Beiseker.

## THE OLIVER HOTEL

A. CRUICKSHANK, Prop.

Steam Heated, Hot and Cold Water

Dining Room and Lunch Counter in Connection

Crossfield

Phone 54

Alberta.

## Keep The Flies Outdoors !

You can do so by fitting your home with  
Screen Doors and Screen Windows.

We can supply your needs for screens of any  
description at attractive prices, and strongly  
recommend our Combination Doors for real  
comfort and economy. The change over can  
be made in two minutes and only one set of  
hardware is required. A real money and  
labor saver—Priced at \$5.75 and up.



## Atlas Lumber Co. Ltd.

Member

Phone 15

W.R.L.A.

## Bargains in Machinery

Hart-Part Tractor in good running order for plowing	\$250.00
M. H. 3 furrow Tractor Plow 14 inch, in A1 shape	\$85.00
High Wheel Harrow Cart	\$12.00

## J. M. Williams

Massey-Harris Agent

Electric Welding

**Firestone TIRES**  
PRICED FOR EVERY PURSE

There's no need to sacrifice quality and safety to buy tires at so-called bargain prices. For Firestone has a quality tire in every price class—as low as \$5.25—and every one carries the Firestone name and guarantee. Get Firestone Safety and Service at unusually low prices. Drive in today to your nearest Firestone Dealer and see how little money is required to equip your car.

SIZE	SEMI-TRUCK	TRUCK	HIGH SPEED
30x3 1/2	5.25	6.00	
4.40x21	7.25	8.50	10.00
4.50x20	7.75	9.25	10.75
4.75x19	8.75	10.50	12.25
5.00x19	9.50	11.25	13.50

Other Sizes Priced Low  
30 x 3 1/2, Not Guaranteed

## Look Ahead And Prepare

Conditions in Western Canada, considering the whole area of the prairie provinces, present a changed picture from that of several years past, and the change is almost entirely due to the Weatherman. With the exception of comparatively small tracts, the great grain producing area of southern Saskatchewan which in recent years has suffered a lack of moisture has been favored with copious falls of rain, and Nature has thus solved a problem which all Governments and individuals, despite the expenditure of tens of millions of dollars, could barely cope with and certainly could not solve.

At the time of writing—which is ten days or so before this will appear in print—prospects are not only favorable for a normal, possibly an above normal, crop, but the big problem of feed and fodder for livestock seems solved as the soil is again saturated with moisture, sloughs and creeks filled with water, and grass again grows the ground. Admittedly it is too early yet to assume that present favorable conditions will not suffer some setbacks, and it would be a mistake to take too much for granted in a country where conditions change so quickly. At the moment, however, prospects are bright, and the foundation laid by May and June rains is such as to make a decided improvement almost a certainty.

Confidence in the country is being restored and hope is returning to many who had nearly abandoned hope and were on the verge of giving way to despair. Nature has thus provided an object lesson of how puny is man, notwithstanding his really marvellous achievements, when it comes to what are, after all, the deciding factors in the prosperity of any people or country. Man may plan, and should plan within those spheres where the decision and the control rests in his own hands, but all his planning will fail if it is not in conformity with natural laws, and takes into account what we erroneously term the vagaries of Nature.

With the experience of the past four or five years of drouth, dust storms, almost complete absence of feed and fodder for a new season's sowing, and an absence of reserves accumulated in good years to tide over the poor years which always come sooner or later, what is going to be the attitude of people in this and, it is to be hoped, even expected, future better years? In those districts where there is now an abundance of moisture will the lessons of the past be remembered and steps proceeded with to conserve the surplus wherever possible and feasible? Or will people quickly forget and again live only in the present without taking thought for the future?

If Western Canada is blessed with a bountiful crop, plenty of hay and grasses, large quantities of wild fruits, vegetables, etc., will people, profiting by the past, begin at once the building up of reserves against a future day when Nature may not be quite so generous in the bestowal of gifts? As Western people now look upon their green and promising fields, are they planning, if the promise of those fields is fulfilled in the harvest, to conserve a little something, as much as they possibly can, as an insurance for the future? Or will they quickly forget and dispose of their last resource, trusting to the future to again take care of itself?

It is no particular criticism of any person, or class of persons in this country to say that, in many respects, we have been a wasteful people, and have not practised that frugality which would have been the part of wisdom. Practically speaking, all of us have been more or less wasteful. We have employed our resources in satisfying the desires, the ambitions, the pleasures of the moment, without giving sufficient thought to the future. In above-normal prosperous years, instead of providing some reserve in a more or less liquid form to meet future needs, we have dissipated them, or locked them up in some concrete way, or used them to expand our operations beyond what was necessary or wise. Thus seeming assets have been found to be heavy liabilities.

All have made this mistake—farmers, merchants, industrialists, financiers, municipalities, provinces, and the Dominion as a whole. Nobody can well point an accusing finger at any other person. But if we are wise, if we are capable of learning anything from past experience, surely we will now as a people, individually and collectively, recognize our past mistakes and not merely resolve not to repeat them, but proceed now to follow a different course, and, like Joseph of old, in the years of plenty put by to carry us and our country through years of scarcity.

Some people in the last year or two became almost convinced that drouth and dust storms and crop failures had become a permanent condition. Those of riper experience knew better. They knew that the world has always experienced periods of plenty and periods of scarcity; that this is one of Nature's ways of maintaining an equilibrium, a safe balance. There is reason to hope that the recent period of drouth and scarcity has passed, and that a more fruitful period is at hand. But other periods of drouth and crop failures will inevitably come; now is the time to prepare for them because surely no person who has suffered through lack of the necessities of life in this recent period desires to pass through the same experience again.

Now is the time to take new heart, but it is also a time to think and act coolly, to keep sane, to take thought of and prepare for the future and insure oneself to the fullest extent possible against whatever misfortunes or setbacks may lie ahead.

The total shipments of certified potato seed from Canada in 1934 amounted to 1,328,745 bushels, 728,582 bushels being shipped during the months of January to May inclusive, and 600,163 bushels from the fall to December 31.

Canadian exports of canned fruit to Great Britain were 28 per cent greater from January 1 to March 16, 1935, than during the corresponding period of 1934. The principal increases were in canned apples, pears and peaches.

**THE WORLD'S MOST FAMOUS FLAVOR**

**WRIGHT'S SPEARMINT**

THE PERFECT GUM

SWEETENS THE BREATH

THE QUALITY CHEWING GUM

## Strange Discovery

**Huge Mound Of Black Substance Found In Northern Saskatchewan**

A peculiar rock formation in the shape of a giant dome, which is considered to indicate the presence of either natural gas or oil, has been discovered in northern Saskatchewan, some 40 miles southwest of Lac Ile a la Puce.

It consists of a huge mound of some black substance resembling low grade coal or tar sands, from the centre of which bubbles a salt spring.

Hon. T. C. Davis, K.C. attorney-general, who recently returned from an aeroplane trip over northern Saskatchewan to Lake Athabasca, brought some of the material back with him. He is making arrangements to have it analyzed.

Originally the discovery was made by the Indians, who reported this huge mound of black substance.

Several theories respecting the presence of the mound have been advanced. One is that the salt spring bubbling from the earth has brought with it a flow of oil which over a period of years has built up the mound about the spring similar to a deposit of geyserite.

The samples brought back by Mr. Davis do not appear to be inflammable, although there is a fibrous substance permeating the sample which burns.

The giant dome from which the spring bubbles is located near Vermette lake in the vicinity of Lac le Plongeur—Regina Leader.

## A Marvel At Languages

**Man At 81 Has Working Knowledge Of Five Hundred**

A man after George Borrow's heart is George E. Hay, who, at the age of 81, has retired from the position of professor for a London firm which specializes in foreign publications. Mr. Hay is said to have a working knowledge of about 500 languages, but he was chiefly engaged in Oriental tongues and he corrected proofs in Sanskrit, Hindi, Pushtu, Pasjabi, Gujarati, Marathi, Urdu, Hindi, Bengali, Oriya, Tamil, Telugu, Kanarese, Malayalam, Sinhalese, Burmese, Siamese, Laos, Tibetan, Arabic, Coptic, Armenian, Ethiopic and Ancient Egyptian, also Chinese, Syrian, Greek and Hebrew. As a boy he only had an elementary education, so that all these accomplishments were acquired by evening classes and by reading in museums and the London School of Oriental Languages. Primarily, he owed his success to a marvellous memory. Even now that he has retired his recreation is studying languages. And there are millions of people who have little more than a working knowledge of one language.

## Matter Is Settled

**Science Service Estimates Superior Is World's Largest Lake**

A year or so ago the News-Chronicle entered into a discussion of the comparative sizes of Lake Superior, Lake Victoria, and Lake Tanganyika. Someone, including some school teachers, advising their pupils, had declared the African lake to be larger.

Using all the information it could obtain from atlases and encyclopedias, the paper proved, to its own satisfaction at least, that Superior was the larger and thus the largest lake in the world. This was definite if depth were considered, for it appears that large portion of Victoria Nyanza's surface is only a foot or so above the bottom and much of it filled with reeds and grasses.

We now find the following paragraph among those issued by a science service for use in newspapers as something "interesting to know."

"It is estimated that Lake Superior exceeds in size its nearest fresh water rival, Africa's Lake Victoria Nyanza, by a thousand square miles."—Port Arthur News-Chronicle.

## To Catch Motor-Bandits

**Speed Ball To Tear Tires Is Latest Invention**

A policeman of Bolton, England, has just invented a "motor-bandit stopper," which is expected to halt the worst of criminals. It is in the form of a speed ball, which, when thrown in front of a speed car, bursts open into several spiked arms covering a span of six feet and guaranteed to tear the toughest tires to shreds.

A Swedish geologist concludes that the South Island of New Zealand had a warm, almost sub-tropical climate no longer ago than about 1000 B.C., after which the climate became much colder for reasons not fully understood. 2104

## COULD NOT SEW A BUTTON ON

**Her Hands Were Helpless With Rheumatism**

At one time she thought she would lose the use of her right hand. But a blessing—in the form of Kruschen Salts—put her right again.

"I was sure in a bad state," she writes. "In fact, I could not do my household work. I was so bad with rheumatism in my arms and hands, I could not sleep at nights, and I thought I would lose the use of my right hand. I could not hold anything, nor could I sew a button on. My arm would go dead. I was advised to try Kruschen, and inside of three weeks I found such a change. I have kept on taking it, and now I sleep all night—thanks to Kruschen's help and relief."—(Mrs. J. H.)

Two of the ingredients of Kruschen Salts have the power of dissolving uric acid crystals, which are responsible for rheumatic agony. Other ingredients of these salts assist Nature to expel these dissolved crystals through the natural channel.

## Germans Challenge Record

**Bremen and Europa Will Make Attempts With Reserve Power**

According to hints from German shipping quarters, the North German Lloyd liners Bremen and Europa will take up the battle for the "blue ribbon" of the Atlantic, which has been won by the French liner Normandie.

Open expression of this determination was given by the Boerzen Zeitung in a dispatch from Hamburg.

"It is not unlikely," the dispatch said, "that the Rex (Atlantic liner) or Bremen or Europa have still some horsepower in reserve which they may give the Normandie a surprise."

The two German vessels have never used their top speed in their regular runs and have been holding back for just such competition as the Normandie or the Cunard-White Star Queen Mary is a story that always has been believed in Germany—with what justification remains to be seen.

## Animals Like To Play

**Even Clumsy Polar Bears Are Great Fun**

Almost any time a play time with monkeys. Give a monkey a musical instrument and he will play for hours.

Another monkey delight is to dress up and act like a human. One keeper at the London Zoo told of four young chimpanzees so well that they take a meal at a table from tin plates and mugs, and pass everything round as politely as can be.

The Polar bears are also great fun-makers. The crew of a whaling ship once watched two bears playing on an ice floe. The main idea of their game was to push and scramble about at the edge of the ice until one was pushed into the water.

Immediately the other bear would jump in beside him, and there would be another tussle until one was forced back on to the ice. The winner would also scramble out and the game would start over again.

## Town Seeing Double

**Contest In California Brought 500 Pairs Of Twins**

Five hundred pairs of twins answered the call when Long Beach, California, announced a twin contest. Youngsters were Patricia Gale and Gale Patricia La Forte, 11 weeks.

Oldest were H. E. and A. L. McArden, hale and hearty at 85.

A twin judge performed a twin marriage ceremony attended by 71 pairs of twins as bridesmaids and another pair as flower girl and ring bearer.

The town is still seeing double.

## Turkey Mothers Hawks

Ancient enemy of the farm yard, a batch of young hawks has been adopted by a hen turkey at the home of D. Read, a Bashaw district farmer. Read robbed several hawk nests and brought the eggs home, and set them under the turkey hen. Hatched, she mothered the young hawk batters as her own.

Having a keyboard that can be extended over a bed, a piano that can be played by a person who is ill has been invented in England.

**MECCA**

OINTMENT

THE FAMILY FRIEND

## Queen Likes Natural Folks

**Not Reserved If People Chat With Her Freely**

In the Jubilee number of The Manchester Guardian a contributor writes about Queen Mary this way: The Queen's mind is powerful rather than quick. She once said to a friend, "I find it a great effort to think of something fresh to say to everyone I meet." The friend replied, "Oh, your Majesty should not try. If I were in your place I should think of something nice to say when I got out of bed and say it to everyone I met that day." But the Queen replied, "Oh no, you would not. The press would get hold of it and say that you were insincere." Whatever else anyone said of the Queen it would be impossible to call her insincere.

At a first meeting people often leave all the conversation to her Majesty and do not find her difficult to get on with and think her reserved. A very slight acquaintance, however, helps them to realize her extraordinary kindness of heart and the way in which she never forgets anyone she has ever met or misses a chance to do kindness. If she has been interested in any case of suffering or pain, and meets the person who brought it to her notice again, it may be 20 years after, she will at once say, "And how is So-and-so? I hope everything is going on well."

In fact, anyone who will chat freely with the Queen as he would with any other lady, relying on her kindness and sympathy, will find her at once easy to get on with and charming. Her wide knowledge of the subjects that do interest her, her readiness to say when she is not an authority on any subject, her ready humor and her sincere kindness make a conversation with her a thing to remember. Her chief interest in life now is undoubtedly the little Princess Elisabeth. She is wrapped up in her, and no wonder; for a more charming little girl or one more completely unspoiled by her high position, it would be impossible to meet.

## Charged With Writing

**Anti-Italian Articles**

**Italy Has Expelled Rome Correspondent Of Chicago Tribune**

The Italian government press bureau has expelled David Darrah, the Rome correspondent of the Chicago Tribune. Darrah and his wife were forced to leave immediately. The reason for Darrah's expulsion was given as the writing of anti-Italian articles.

The bureau also issued an order banning until further notice the entrance of copies of the New York Times to Italy as a result of an editorial entitled "Baldwin and Mussolini."

The editorial appeared in the Times after recent speeches of Prime Minister Stanley Baldwin of Great Britain and Premier Benito Mussolini of Italy.

The action against the New York newspaper follows a similar one against a group of English newspapers, including the Manchester Guardian, and the lifting of a ban against German newspapers, including the Nazi organ, the Volkischer Beobachter.

## Silver Boom In Yukon

**Miners Are Pouring In To Camp At Mayo**

By air, land and water oldtimers and newcomers are hitting the trails back to the silver camp at Mayo, Yukon Territory, which is showing signs of returning to old-time activity on the crest of rising silver prices. To-day every available house, cabin and shack in Mayo has been taken up by the influx of miners.

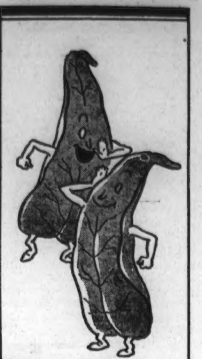
Large silver operators are tuning up their equipment preparatory to getting under way, while individual claim owners have started already to get out ore for summer shipment.

## New Air Conditioner

An air conditioner costing so little it is within the means of the average householder was described to the American Society of Heating and Ventilating Engineers in Toronto by W. A. Stark, Cleveland. The conditioner uses a porous and known as silica gel, which absorbs water vapour from the air and poisons from the human system.

The human scalp has approximately 1,000 hairs to the square inch, the average head containing 110,000 hairs. Women have a higher average than men, while red heads average only 90,000.

It is wonderful to have a friend, but it is still more wonderful to be a friend.



## What are the mild leaves saying?

"You've got to be good to get into Ogden's!" And it's true—only the choicest, mild, fragrant tobaccos are selected for Ogden's Fine Cut. So why shouldn't Ogden's be smoother and cooler? You simply can't beat Ogden's—it's got all you want in a cigarette tobacco.

Ogden's Fine Cut and "Vogue" or "Chanteur" papers; . . . any man who's tried the combination will tell you it's a guarantee of better and more satisfying cigarettes.

## SAVE THE POKER HANDS

**OGDEN'S FINE CUT**

Your Pipe Knows Ogden's Cut Pipe

## Makes Testing Safer

**Spinning Device Determines Whether Auto Wheels Need Adjusting**

Eliminating hazardous road tests for "shimmy" and wobble, a dynamic spinning device subjects each wheel to a similar test without removing the car from the repair shop. The machine consists of a spinner wheel mounted on the shaft of an electric motor and carried on a small rubber-tired dolly. The speed of the motor is controlled from the end of a tubular handle like a vacuum cleaner. The spinner wheel rocks from side to side for adjustment to the plane of the cambered auto wheel so that the tire will not be damaged. The test is made with the wheel on the spindle, each wheel being jacked up and spun with the machine. The motor quickly accelerates the wheel to eighty or 100 miles an hour. When the shimmy shake is reached the whole car shakes violently, indicating the wheel is out of balance and that it should be removed and trued up.—Popular Mechanics.

## Choir Boys Liked Tour

**Twelve Youngsters Return To London After Tour Of Canada**

And U.S. Soda-fountain chocolate milkshakes made a deep impression on all but one of 12 youngsters of the London choir school who returned to England from a concert tour in Canada and the United States.

The young choristers expounded their views on the United States and Canada in epigrammatic fashion, with food the predominant note.

"Chocolate milkshake is a marvellous drink," one of them said. "I don't suppose I'll be able to get anything like it over here."

and Falling Hair, use Minard's and you will find it all over the world.

28

Clean Head and Glossy Hair

**MINARD'S**

"KING OF PAIN"

**LINIMENT**

for DANDRUFF

and Falling Hair, use Minard's and you will find it all over the world.

28

Clean Head and Glossy Hair



# History Goes To Show That Manners Do Not Change With The Times

In these days the average citizen accepts restrictions and regulations with resignation. He knows that it is useless to rebel, and if pressed for a reason as to why they should be necessary he murmurs something about "the complexity of modern life—think of my own childhood—no motors, no wireless, no airplanes—no wonder we have to have regulations."

Yet although traffic restrictions are our latest topic of conversation, actually they were in existence in the time of the Romans and are, in fact, ancient history. Indeed, in 45 B.C. the parking of chariots in the high ways during business hours had become such a nuisance that by a decree of Julius Caesar chariots were forbidden to enter the trading centres during marketing hours—an even harsher edict than the modern two hours' limit!

The modern woman in her search for the latest mode is equally behind the times. In these days when berets are precariously perched on the side of the head and hats obscure one eye and ear, it is interesting to read the newspapers of a century ago. The "Morning Chronicle" in 1800 contains a long article on the vagaries of fashion, suggesting that female fashions have a deleterious effect on national morality. The author states that "an evil spirit has lately grown up among divers giddy girls, to cock their bonnets, not upon the middle of their heads, as was used of old time, as is decent and seemly, but upon the side thereof; whereby it cometh to pass that one of their eyes is uncovered, the other lies hid, concealed and out of sight, which doth greatly disturb His Majesty's liege subjects of all degrees, ranks and employments."

Recently a meeting was held in Manchester to discuss smoke abatement, which obviously sounds a product of the Industrial Revolution. But in 1306 an artificer was executed for burning sea-coal in his furnace, and in the fifteenth century we are told that "nice dames" were not willingly enter a house where sea-coal was burnt. In 1661 John Evelyn was so much appalled by the smoke-laden atmosphere of London that he wrote a treatise on "The Inconvenience of the Aer" which he dedicated to "His Sacred Majesty."—D.F.J., in the Manchester Guardian.

## Pests Of Birds And Cattle

More Than 2,000 Known Species In The World

Most species of birds and animals are subject to infestation by small insect parasites known as biting lice. These parasites are related to the sucking lice, which were so troublesome to soldiers in the World War. The biting lice pass their whole lives on the bodies of birds and animals and soon die if removed from their hosts. There are more than 2,000 known species in the world, the majority occurring on birds. Some of these species infest domestic poultry and, when numerous, cause loss of weight and decrease in egg production; others are a pest on cattle and horses.

A survey to determine the number of species of these lice on wild and domestic birds and animals in Canada is being carried out under the direction of the Dominion Entomologist. Ornithologists, taxidermists, game wardens, naturalists and others whose activities bring them in close contact with wild life, are co-operating by collecting lice and sending them to Ottawa where they are mounted on slides and examined and classified under the microscope.

## Can Produce Proof

Scotland Yard will use motion-pictures as a weapon to combat street-gambling. New York magistrates, says a writer in that city, usually dismiss these cases because of lack of proof in each instance. Scotland Yard convicted thirty-nine gamblers in one season, and when any of the defendants insisted he wasn't there at the time, the film was run off in slow-motion, and the man was pointed out on the screen.

## Substitute For Mercury

Mercury will solidify at about 40 degrees below zero, Fahrenheit. But for measuring colder temperatures than that, alcohol is a good substitute. Alky will stay fluid to 248 degrees below; then it'll crystallize. (They have to use gas for measuring temperatures lower than that).

## Weed Seeds On Farms

Prolific Production Of Seeds Quickly Infests The Soil

The seed of most annual weeds when embedded in the soil retain their vitality for several years. The seeds of the mustard family and others, when ploughed down after ripening, seldom germinate the following year and not until they are brought near the surface by further cultivation. Light surface cultivation during the early autumn usually serves to stimulate germination in freshly ripened weed seeds. Thus, a considerable proportion of them may be destroyed, while, on the other hand, by deep ploughing the difficulty is simply deferred to succeeding years.

The germination of weeds, as well as other seeds, is affected by heat. Many kinds of weed seeds, such as some grasses and mustards will germinate in the late autumn or early spring when the soil is cold. Others, such as buckwheat and lamb's quarters, require a warmer soil, and the seeds of foxtail and purslane continue dormant until stimulated by the heat of summer. Late autumn or early spring cultivation is not effective in destroying the seeds of weeds that will not germinate unless the soil is warm.

Some of the worst weeds are so prolific in the production of seeds that, relatively, clear fields may become badly contaminated in two or three years if the weeds are allowed to go to seed. For instance, a single plant of wild mustard, stinkweed, foxtail, pigweed, or campion produces from 10,000 to 20,000 seeds; worm-seed mustard about 25,000; shepherd's purse about 50,000; and tumbling mustard about 1,500,000. With such productiveness, soils become quickly infested with weed seeds, although, on account of their inconspicuousness, their presence is not fully realized. The whole subject is dealt with in an illustrated pamphlet, Weeds and Weed Seeds, issued free by the Dominion of Agriculture, Ottawa.

## British Tommy Likes Scarlet

Red Tunic Of Old Days Will Again Be Worn

Scarlet tunics are to be the vogue for the British Tommy in future. After the Great War the army did away with the redcoats and clad the troops in the more sombre khaki of the army in the field. That has proved to be a double blow. Recruiting has dropped off and the cloth mills have misread the annual orders they used to receive for the supply of scarlet tunic cloth.

It costs two dollars per yard for the right kind of material and it will require about 1,600,000 yards for the first order. So mills in the North are perking up with the thought of giving employment to men and women in the production of the order which will run into millions.

Not only will the army in the British Isles be changed to scarlet tunics, but the Indian army and the overseas forces will wear the red of the old days, too. The Government has found the enlisted men like to cut a dash when they go on parade and the authorities are ready to encourage recruiting by meeting the desire to make an impression in the scarlet of yore.

After the Armistice of 1918 private citizens thought wars and armies were on the way out. Instead of that, the old military customs are stronger than ever. Great Britain did try to give a lead to disarmament, but the world will not follow. —Border Cities Star.

## Personal Influence

Every Person Has Effect On Life Of Someone Else

Every one of us casts a shadow. There hangs about us a sort of penumbra—a strange indefinable something—which we call personal influence, which has its effect on every other life on which it falls. It goes with us wherever we go. It is not something we can have when we want to have it, and then lay aside at will, as we lay aside a garment. It is something that always pours out from our life, like light from a lamp, like heat from a flame, like perfume from a flower.

Don't delay enjoying life till you get everything fixed permanently. You're not going to be here permanently. 2104

## REHABILITATION OF THE RUHELAND



FRENCH SOLDIER: "When you have finished jubilating, just glance over there." —Le Rire, Paris.

## Infantile Paralysis

Dr. J. R. Stubb told of patients he had "cured" of infantile paralysis through his simple treatment—the injection of human blood into the muscular tissue.

Ena Lea Mounier, of Ville Platte, La., prepared to leave Charity hospital, where she had been treated by Dr. Stubb since May 16 with the blood of a young infant.

"The blood was injected into the fatty part of the back of the child nearest the hip-bone with a needle," explained Dr. Stubb. Approximately 100 C.C. of blood was used," he said. "Her reactions followed that same day. Within a few weeks all symptoms of paralysis had vanished."

## Opinion Of The Danes

Magazine Readers Give Their Idea Of Perfect Woman

What are the characteristics of the perfect woman? A Danish magazine has been asking its readers, and from responses to the amusing inquiry it is gathered that the perfect woman is she—who reads the paper without putting the pages in the wrong order; who reads the leading article in the daily paper; who does not always try to have the last word in an argument; who speaks well of her friends in their absence; who pays no attention to the neighbor's gossip; who never goes to the bargain sales; who always gives her exact age; who never wishes she were a man.

## Italy's Wheat Crop

Will Be Sufficient To Meet All Requirements Of The Country

Italy's wheat crop this year will be in excess of that of 1934 and will meet all the requirements of the country. Premier Benito Mussolini received this information from the permanent wheat committee, over which he presided.

Minister of Agriculture Edmondo Rosoni recalled the 1934 harvest was 232,415,760 bushels as compared with 209,940,000 bushels in 1933. He pointed out the price of wheat had been strictly maintained because of the 1931 crop deficit, due to the close co-operation of farmers' organizations and the government.

## Aid For The Deaf

New Apparatus Will Teach Them To Speak Normally

Harvard University officials announced that Frederick V. Hunt, instructor in physics and communication engineering at the Cruik Laboratory, Cambridge, Mass., has designed an apparatus to aid the deaf to learn to speak with normal intonation.

The instrument, which records sound frequencies from zero to 15,000 cycles per second, permits a deaf person to measure the tones of his voice, the announcement said, and through watching the fluctuations, learn to speak normally.

The last word should not be sought unless one has something to say.

## THE SNAPSHOT GUILD

DON'T BE EMBARRASSED



Don't let crowds interfere with your picture taking for there are too many picture possibilities to overlook.

Every day we learn more about amateur photographers and, surprisingly as it may seem, find that many feel somewhat embarrassed taking pictures in view of the public eye. They shrink from the attention they erroneously believe they attract. To feel that way is really absurd.

That type of self-consciousness will be the cause of your missing many interesting pictures. You call rest assured there is no thought of ridicule on the part of those who may be apparently watching you snap a picture. Nine chances out of ten the spectator is envious and wishes he owned a camera or had one with him.

There are times, however, when you may want to conceal your camera—and your actions—as much as possible; not because of embarrassment but for the sake of an unusual, human interest picture.

Everywhere you go in a city, whether it is in the park where babies are perambulated by their nursemaids, or in the gloomy slums where some immigrant mother hangs out the family wash while ragged littleurchins play perilously on upper balconies, you can find dramatic, story-telling pictures. As you walk through the streets and parks there are countless opportunities for snapshots. These are really unusual and such pictures breathe new life into your snapshot album.

When you come upon a good picture possibility in the form of a person or persons in action, it is the time you want to conceal your cam-

era and intentions as much as possible, for to get the best results, your subject should not be conscious of your presence. On approaching such subjects, it is best to set your focus scale at a distance from which you believe you will get the best results. Judge your light and properly set the diaphragm and shutter speed. When you are "all set," approach your prey quite nonchalantly and when you reach the proper distance to take the picture you are after, shoot without further delay and your unsuspecting victim will have unknowingly furnished you with good snapshot material.

This kind of amateur photography can be employed in so many places. This is especially true in the summer, for if there is any place a good informal, candid camera picture, it is on picnics, at your local swimming pool, or the favorite old swimming hole, at the seashore or summer resort.

And, speaking of summer resorts, have you noticed the number of nationally known people—stage and screen stars, members of socially prominent families, and even great business leaders—who are pictured in newspapers and magazines with their cameras in action. It has really become the smart thing to own and use a camera.

So rally forth with your camera, with all the abandon of a sailor strolling with one of his many sweethearts and get the kind of pictures your friends will talk about and praise.

JOHN VAN GUILDER.

# Earthquake Disturbances Have Occurred Frequently In Last Quarter Century

## Doing Excellent Work

Grenfell Mission Is Invaluable To People In Labrador

North of the Straits of Belle Isle, the Grenfell Mission has three very fine centres of work, each having a cottage hospital and boarding school. St. Mary's river is nearest the Straits. Improvements are constantly being made and one of the latest and most valued is a reservoir for fresh water, so it may not be contaminated. This cottage and school serve several small communities. Cartwright, Labrador, at the mouth of Hamilton Inlet, also has a cottage and school, likewise an excellent water supply. Nurses and teachers are in charge, with occasional visits from doctors, whose headquarters are further down the Bay. Cartwright bids fair to grow, being on the direct route of fliers across the Atlantic, east and west. It had the Italian Armada last summer, also such distinguished visitors as Colonel and Mrs. Charles Lindbergh. Dr. H. L. Paddon has been on the Grenfell staff for twenty years, and is a graduate of Oxford and London, like his chief, Sir Wilfred. With the fine launch "Arcturion" he travels almost constantly in summer, visiting his large parish, and with dogs in winter, travels several hundred miles, going north among the Eskimo. The cottage and school is of great value to all the families in small settlements along Hamilton Inlet, and doing invaluable work for the future.

## Statute Of Westminster

Passed In 1931 But Few People Know It Exists

Now is the time when all good men like to contrast the rigidity of our old Constitution with the free and fluent way they do things in the British Empire. What, for instance, is the Statute of Westminster? The name turns up in the news from time to time. It was in the news the other day when the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council in London ruled that it can hear no appeal from Canadian courts in criminal cases or from Irish Free State courts in all cases.

What is the Statute of Westminster? It was passed in 1931 and gave effect to the findings of the Imperial Conference of 1926. The motherland and dominions are "autonomous communities within the British Empire, equal in status, in no way subordinate to one another in any aspect of their domestic or external affairs, though united by a common allegiance to the Crown and freely associated as members of the British Commonwealth of Nations."

That reads like quite a constitutional document, yet it is doubtful whether one Englishman in ten has ever heard about the Statute of Westminster.—New York Times.

## Two Ways To Learn

Best One Is Taking Advice Of Those Who Know

There are at least two ways of learning things which in turn will develop a man to where he can serve himself and those around him best. One of these ways is the slow, expensive and sometimes ineffective one called "going it alone." By this method one must experiment and then construct a workable formula from his own limited—and perhaps mistaken observations. The other and far better way lies in making many acquaintances and friendships with men who have been over all of that ground and in whose ripe experience may be found the solution for most of your problems.

## Uncharted Mountain Ridge

Discovered In Atlantic Near Portugal By Cable Ship

The discovery of an uncharted submarine mountain ridge in the Atlantic Ocean, about 180 miles south-west of Portugal, has been made by the cable ship Ampera, while repairing the cable from Brest to Casablanca (Morocco). The ridge rises to a precipitous peak, which is barely 180 feet below the surface, at spot where the depth of the sea had hitherto been charted at 12,000 feet.

When water is scarce from drought or some such cause, deciduous trees shed their leaves early as a protective device, since it is through its leaves that a tree loses most of its moisture.

Scientists claim that an earthquake zone girdles the world, and the claim has been regrettably well supported so far this year. The most recent evidence is that supplied from Baluchistan, where reports erratically coming from stricken Quetta give some faint idea of the disaster that overtook a wide area. This is another of the eruptive cataclysms which have shaken India within the last few years. The killed in Baluchistan are estimated to exceed 50,000. This is twice as many as were killed in the greatest calamity of this kind that rocked 1,625,000 square miles in Central India in 1897. It is eight times those killed in the earthquake that scarred the plains a few years ago, but the area affected in Baluchistan is not so extensive as was that of the towns and agricultural portion destroyed a few years ago.

Fortunately, Quetta being a well supplied station, and being the headquarters for the services in Baluchistan, supplies are in store, but doctors and nurses are needed. Those mobilized at Lahore, Karachi and other points were finding difficulty in reaching Quetta, for the planes that were to fly them could not make safe landings on the river grounds.

The point of this new disturbance is in the zone that has been seismologically active this year. In April Formosa suffered a grave shock, when 3,185 were killed and 10,408 injured. Then directly to the east almost of Baluchistan, Iran, or Persia, experienced a very bad shock on April 23, when more than 600 were killed. A week later, slightly north of Persia, but in line with the disrupted mountain range that passes from Baluchistan through Afghanistan toward Turkey, there, on the latter's border with Russia, 2,000 persons were killed in a very convulsive shock. And a week or so before the Quetta disaster, at Shikarpur, a city within the area just shaken, there were renewed shocks that damaged a great many houses. In all, there have been 28 earthquake disturbances so far this year along the Quetta disaster, the first to be noted being one of great intensity in southern Tibet during the first days of January.

These disturbances are noted in a few moments on delicate instruments located thousands of miles away, but they come with the suddenness that is unpredictable. They are a form of earthly distress which remains a mystery. They are said, by some, to be caused by the "moon's pull," which is said to crash the earth's crust where it has weaknesses, just as tidal waves are said to be caused by submerged upheavals perhaps far distant from where the most damage is done. But whether because of the more accurate recording cannot be said, it seems apparent that earthquakes have been extremely active in the last quarter century, and, for the most part, their demolition has been worst along the zone which passes through India and on to the Pacific Islands.—Winthrop Free Press.

## Building Paved Highways

Germany Is Making Preparations For Increased Motor Traffic

During the next six years Germany plans to build 4,000 miles of paved highways which will permit speeds of from 75 to 140 miles per hour. This year 200 miles of the network are to be constructed with the remaining mileage following later.

With more motor cars in Europe and many tourists wanting to drive through the various countries, road-work has become an important item in governmental expenditures. Germany is planning one fast main route from Hamburg in the north to Switzerland in the south. Other east and west highways will form a grid to cover the nation.

There are many species of plants in the Canadian Arctic that do not occur outside that region. Among these may be mentioned Arctic wild yucca, Arctic dock, Arctic scurvy grass, Arctic loco-weed, Arctic shooting star, Arctic primrose, Arctic lousewort, and Arctic ragwort. There are other plants and herbs mainly Arctic in their distribution.

August Knauer, amateur musician and hornmaker of the Austrian Tyrol, made a horn from the branches of a tree, leaving on the bark to give it a rustic effect. It has a surprisingly clear tone.

WORLD HAPPENINGS  
BRIEFLY TOLD

The motor car age is finding its old competitor still going strong in Conway, Missouri. Thirty hitching posts are being erected in the business district to accommodate those who still drive horses.

A paper circle, two inches in diameter and cut from a plain playing card, is expected to fetch nearly \$15,000. The card bears on its back a miniature portrait painted by Holbein the Younger during the reign of Henry VIII.

Evangeline Booth, commander-in-chief of the Salvation Army, said she will visit Canada and the west coast of the United States next September. The visit will be part of the army's "two years—two million souls campaign."

Preparation of motion picture films to be used for educational purposes in small towns and rural communities in the fight against fire hazards was discussed at a meeting of the Canadian Association of Fire Marshals in Ottawa.

All weather highway between Edmonton and Jasper, and graveling work on the trans-Canada road between Calgary and Regina, were completed this year, acting Premier George Hoadley announced at Edmonton.

A government bill empowering the finance minister to float loans to a maximum of \$750,000,000 was passed by the House of Commons. It was expected the government would enter the money market on a refunding program when it was favorable this fall.

A drop of more than \$3,000,000 was shown in the total deposits of the Bank of Canada during the week ended June 12, according to a statement recently issued. The reserve in United States funds for the same period declined by more than \$2,225,000.

Seven-year-old Mickey Teahan of Richmond, Ont., weighs 50 pounds, and when he hooked a 48-pound muskallunge in the Ottawa river near Lake Deschenes he was almost pulled into the river. Mickey's father came to his rescue and the muskie was landed.

## One Way To Save Money

Cash Register Drawer Sticks And Reveals \$391 Deposit

Lawson McKague, general merchant, of Victoria, B.C., is richer by \$391. He had been pining for a change into a savings bank but didn't know it.

The drawer on the cash register in his store had been balky for several weeks. It hadn't closed as it should when it was pushed shut. A short time ago a Regina traveller dropped in and offered to repair the machine. The traveller finally got the drawer open and 500 or more dimes tinkled to the floor. Further investigation revealed the register was so lugged with silver the drawer couldn't close. Several customers in the store helped him gather it up. When counted it totalled \$391, mostly dimes, some nickels and a dollar bill, weighing 14 pounds in all.

The silver had slipped through a crack in the back of the till. The storekeeper had often found dimes and nickels and dollar bills but didn't know the till was "leaking." The silver had accumulated over the past ten years.

## First Camp Fire Word

Scientists Discover Primitive Chinese Cross Redbud Tree

When Peking Man, earliest known human of China, chopped wood for his campfire 100,000 years ago, he chose a red bud or Judas tree, according to botanists of the Geological Society of China after tracing microscopes on remains of the oldest known fire laid by human hands.

Cross-sections of bits of charred wood from Peking Man's hearth are identified by their structure as a new species of Cerise. This tree would be a redbud, akin to modern redbuds that flower with purplish-red blossoms in the spring in America and the Orient.

## Under New Grading System

During the first five months of this year almost 30,000 pigs were sold in Canada under the new rail grading system whereby the farmer is paid for his hogs after they have been hung on the packing house rail. Around 35 per cent. of these hogs made grade "A" and 45 per cent. grade "B," with "C," "D," "E," "F," "G," "H," and "I" grades making up the rest in varying small amounts.

## Food By Telegraph

Easy Now To Send Basket Of Groceries By Wire

Add to your grocery list—telefood. So if a uniformed messenger brings a big mess of spinach to your door, blame a friend who may live on the other side of the continent.

Sponsors of the plan, attending the convention of the National Association of Retail Grocers at Indianapolis, explained it will be as easy to telegraph a basket of groceries as to wire a bouquet of flowers.

If it's spinach, you might wire back some broccoli.

## FASHION FANCIES



ACCESSORIES TO ACCOMPANY SIMPLE FROCKS

By Ellen Worth

And set them off most delightfully—easily made. It takes just the minimum of effort and material to make these scarves and sports vest. The vest may be in either short or long length. They lend sports chic to the most simple frock. Necktie silks or cottons, plain prints in tub crepe silk, shantung, linen, pique and many other cottons are popularly used. To-day's pattern also provides for both hats illustrated. They match or contrast with the scarf. They're remarkably easy to make.

Style No. 619 is designed for one size only. For requirements see pattern envelope. Patterns 10c each. Address mail orders to: Pattern Department, Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave. E., Winnipeg.

The latest Fashion Magazine is better than ever. Entirely illustrated in color you will find a very stimulating fashion edition. There are clothes for cruising and clothes to brighten the lives of stay-at-homes. Many delightful little models for the smaller members of the family. Of course, patterns are obtainable for the designs illustrated. Send for your copy to-day, the price is 15 cents.

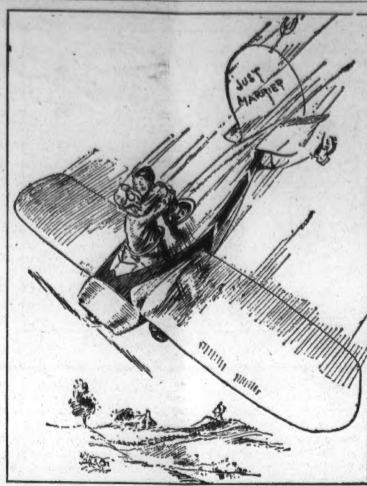
## Lobster Production

Canada Provides Nearly The Whole Of The World's Supply Of The Canned Product

Off the coast of Canada's Atlantic provinces the world's greatest lobster-producing area is located, and every year more than 300 canneries draw from these resources the raw material from which they produce one of the tastiest of sea foods. In recent years an increasing part of the Canadian catch has been marketed alive—"shipped in the shell"—but most of it, however, still goes into cans. In the past five years the total annual pack put up in Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Prince Edward Island, and Quebec, has averaged, in round figures, 137,900 cases containing 48 standard-sized cans each.

Lobster canning involves a number of different operations, and Canadian lobster canneries are required by law to measure up to certain standards as to sanitation, equipment, and methods. Their operations are subject to inspection under the Meat and Canned Foods Act, which is one of the reasons they turn out such an excellent product. Canada supplies all but a very small part of the world's production of canned lobsters.

It takes 7,000 porters to man the Pullman cars rolling currently over United States rails. 2104



"Bride: 'Promise me, darling, you'll never let me down.' —Smith's Weekly, Australia.

## World Needs Peace Assurance

President Roosevelt Says Mutual Understanding And Regard Is Needed

Greatest current need of the world is "the assurance of peace—an assurance based on mutual understanding and mutual regard," President Roosevelt asserted before the graduating class of the United States military academy. "We maintain an army to promote tranquility," the president said, "and to secure us from aggression, but it is so created and so modest in proportion as to furnish proof no threat or menace to the rights of others is even remotely intended."

## Engagement Was Kept

Speaker Unable To Attend Meeting Sent Talking Film

Finding at almost the last minute that pressure in the House of Commons would keep him from making a political speech in Rugby, England, Captain David Margesson, the Government Chief Whip, sent a talking picture substitute. He hurried to a film studio, delivered the speech and rushed the film to Rugby. It was the first time in England that a "talkie" kept a public engagement for the principal speaker at a political meeting.

## Our Social Duty

There is something wrong when crime takes place in frequented streets and eye-witnesses have nothing to tell about it. It is a natural impulse to avoid being "mixed up" in a social case, but it is none the less a social duty to support the law by assisting the police in every possible way. For we are all "mixed up" in the fate of our society, which requires every man's protection on every necessary occasion.

Airplane pilots for private planes in England now receive salaries ranging from \$5,000 to \$7,500 a year.

## For Better Understanding

Will Examine Relationship Between Canada And U.S.

An educational laboratory for examination of the relationship between Canada and the United States was set up at St. Lawrence University. Into it will work 50 or more prominent Canadians and Americans with the announced intention of seeking common factors for understanding and friendship.

Sponsored by the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace, St. Lawrence University and Queen's University, Kingston, Ont., the laboratory will be known simply as "the conference on American-Canadian affairs."

The conferees figuratively will take apart the international mechanism that runs Canadian-American affairs and put it together again.

## London's Transport System

To Spend \$170,000,000 In Five-Year Program

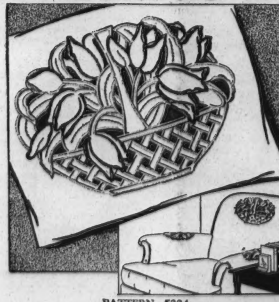
Thirty-five million pounds—approximately \$170,000,000—will be spent in a five-year program for the improvement and extension of London's transport system. The necessary loans will be backed by government guarantee.

The program involves the building of 12 miles of new subways, the electrification of 44 miles of suburban railway, the double-tracking and electrification of about 12½ miles of other suburban lines, and the substitution of "trolley buses" for street cars on 148 route miles.

## Tax Will Affect Canada

On the basis of the last fiscal year's exports the new three per cent. ad valorem import tax which, according to Rome despatches, Italy has now imposed will affect Canadians to the extent of \$108,000 a year. Canadian exports to Italy last fiscal year had a value of \$5,630,630.

## Household Arts



by Alice Brooks

Cutwork Is Simple and Durable Needle work

PATTERN 5224

Tulips—how we enjoy the beauty and variety of their color. Here we find them translated into striking cutwork, that needlework that is so handsome and durable. This design has no bars—and plenty of opportunity for color. You can do it all in one color or white, of course, but it is especially effective with the tulips done in varied colors and the leaves in green. You can make a striking cushion of the larger piece or a handsome buffet or chair back set of the three pieces.

In pattern 5224 you will find a transfer pattern of the basket 10 x 14 inches and one and one reverse of the small pieces 6 x 10 inches; complete instructions for doing cutwork; illustrations of all stitches needed and material requirements.

To obtain this pattern send 20 cents in stamps or coin (coin preferred) to Household Arts Dept., Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave. E., Winnipeg.

There is no Alice Brooks pattern book published

## SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

JUNE 30

## LIBERTY UNDER LAW

Golden text: It is good not to eat flesh, nor to drink wine, nor to do anything whereby thy brother stumbleth. Romans 14:21. Lesson: Romans 14:13-21. I. Corinthians 8:9-13. Devotional reading: Galatians 5:16-24.

## Explanations And Comments

Our Responsibility for Our Brother. Romans 14:13. "But thou, why dost thou judge thy brother?" questions Paul in the preceding verses "or thou again, Why dost thou set at naught thy brother? For we must all stand before the judgment seat of God."

"I may feel at perfect liberty to drink wine. Had I only myself to consider, and knowing that my temptation does not lie that way, I might use wine regularly or as often as I felt disposed to enjoy a needed stimulant. I may feel quite convinced in my own mind that morally I am not one whit the worse for doing so. But I cannot determine whether I am indulging myself or not without considering the effect my conduct will have on others. There may be among my friends some who know that their temptation does lie that way, and whose conscience bids them altogether refrain. If by my example such persons are encouraged to silence the voice of their own conscience, then I incur the incalculable guilt of helping to destroy my brother for whom Christ died. (Marcus Dods).

The Important and the Unimportant, verses 17-19. For the Kingdom of God, the reign of Christ over men, is not in eating and drinking; the important matters are righteousness and peace and joy in the Holy Spirit—through his indwelling. "Religion is love and joy and peace in the Holy Spirit; the cheerfulness, the gladness, the contentment, the peace, the joy, the love, the kindness, the gentleness, the meekness, the patience, the long-suffering, the goodness, and the like, which are the fruit of the Spirit of God in the heart of man. So then let us pursue things that make for peace and good repute, whereby we may improve one another, that is, let us consider what effect upon others our conduct will have."

## Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

## COCOA BREAD PUDDING

1½ cups (1 can) sweetened condensed milk  
3 cups hot water  
3 cups finely diced bread or sifted soft bread crumbs  
½ cup cocoa  
2 eggs  
1 tablespoon melted butter  
¼ teaspoon salt  
1 teaspoon vanilla

Blend sweetened condensed milk with hot water; pour over dried bread or crumbs which have been thoroughly mixed with cocoa and let stand until cool. Stir in eggs, lightly-beaten, melted butter, salt and vanilla. Pour into baking dish, set in pan of hot water. Bake in moderate oven (350 degrees F.) forty-five minutes. Serve with plain cream or fruit sauce. Serves eight.

## SAUSAGE STUFFED BAKED APPLES

1 pound pork sausage  
4 cooking apples  
1 cup sugar  
1 tablespoon butter  
Pare the apples and remove the centres. Stuff with pork sausage. Place in a baking dish. Sprinkle with sugar and dot with butter. Add 1 cup water, cover and bake in a moderate oven (350 degrees F.).

## Cotton Grows Ten Feet

Farmers In Texas Are Trying Out New Variety

Farmers near Edinburg, Texas, await appearance of a new variety of cotton which is said to attain a height of 10 feet and produce an extra long fibre. It is known as "Aztec cotton."

Seedlings already have sprouted, but they have not developed sufficiently to enable farmers to determine the nature of the plant. Approximately 30 farmers have planted acreage in the new variety.

The "Aztec" seed is rare and Edinburg growers are under contract to return all from the 1935 crop to the original owners.

According to reports, the seed was found in an Indian cave in Colorado. The discoverer planted the seed and was amazed to find that the stalks grew 10 feet tall.

## Take Pay In Water

Members of the town council of Waukomis, Oklahoma, have voted salaries for themselves—payable in water. From the city's "liquid" assets each member will receive free municipal gallons a month from the municipal plant.

## Little Journeys In Science

IODINE

(By Gordon H. Giest, M.A.)

Iodine was discovered in 1812 by the French scientist, Courtois, who obtained it from the mother-liquor of salts produced from burnt seaweed or kelp. When the liquid was heated with sulphuric acid in a retort, a violet vapor was produced, which condensed in the form of brilliant crystals. Shortly after this discovery the name Iodine was proposed for this substance because it comes from the Greek word for violet.

Iodine occurs in sea-water, in sea-plants and sea-animals, and in the thyroid gland of man and of animals. Most of the iodine of commerce is obtained from a compound called sodium iodate, which is found in small quantity in Chile saltpetre, or crude sodium nitrate.

Iodine is a shining, blackish-gray solid, which is nearly five times as heavy as water. It has a strong, rather unpleasant odor, and changes rather unpleasantly when exposed to the vapour state even at ordinary temperatures. It is quite soluble in alcohol and in a water solution of potassium iodide. We are all familiar with iodine in the form of tincture of iodine, which is nothing more or less than iodine crystals dissolved in alcohol. A very small quantity of iodine colors starch solution a deep blue and this is an exceedingly delicate test for the element.

Iodine is used in the manufacture of certain dyes and drugs which are very helpful to man. The largest consumer of iodine is the photographic industry which uses the two iodine compounds, silver iodide and potassium iodide, in large quantities.

Iodine is an essential constituent of the body. A small gland known as the thyroid gland is located in the bunch of cartilage at the front of the throat. The thyroid gland secretes a substance called thyroxine, which contains a small amount of iodine. Iodine is present in the diet of the thyroid gland cannot produce this compound and the gland will become enlarged and produce a goiter. Iodine is present in the salt being considered sufficient to guard against a natural deficiency in the regular food. Iodine is supplied by certain foods, such as spinach, lettuce, string beans, butter, and milk.

## Don't Let One Fly Escape

Constitute A Deadly Menace And Must Not Be Tolerated

Do you know that one fly lays one hundred to two hundred eggs in one batch? It doesn't take much imagination to figure out the consequences if a few flies are allowed to roam around.

Of course, you and I loathe flies because of their irritating and disgusting, but though we all have an urge to get rid of them, we are not all over careful of preventing their breeding.

All garbage and refuse must be covered or burned, manure, rotting garbage kept well away from dwellings and all surroundings kept as scrupulously clean as possible. However, there will always be flies around somewhere. Screens on doors and windows will help to keep them out of the house and all exposed food should be kept covered.

A few Wilson's Fly Pads, used regularly during the warm months, in home or store, will kill all the flies that happen to get in it used according to directions.

Medical authorities and scientists have proved by the most careful tests that the common house fly spreads deadly germs of infantile diarrhoea, the dreaded warm weather complaint that claims the lives of so many little children.

Flies are a deadly menace and must not be tolerated. A fly will come straight from a heap of filth and settle on food or drink, if the latter is not protected, spreading disease that may cause a deadly ailment in your own home. Those citizens who have any regard for the welfare of their neighbors and community will wage unrelenting war against fly pests and Wilson's Fly Pads will be of invaluable assistance in their efforts.

## Nova Scotia Very Scotch

Parliament Is Always Opened By Skirl Of Bagpipes

Nova Scotia, the land of Longfellow's "Evangeline" and popularly believed because of that poem to be largely French and English, is largely Scottish. The opening of Nova Scotia's Parliament is accompanied by the skirl of bagpipes and several newspapers are printed partly in Gaelic. In the Nova Scotian county of Inverness, 72 per cent. of the inhabitants speak Gaelic, while less than half of the similarly named county in Scotland can speak the ancient tongue. — Provincial News Bureau.

## Thought Himself Lucky

A Chinese in Calgary upset the usual procedure by falling to frown when the magistrate fined him for traffic violations. "One dollar," said the magistrate. "Thank you, Velly cheap," replied New Sing, the Chinese.

So many think religion is something to be argued instead of something to be lived.



## WOULD STUDY PLAN TO AMEND THE B. N. A. ACT

Ottawa.—A Dominion-provincial conference to be held as early as possible this year to study methods of amending the British North America Act was recommended in a house committee report tabled in the commons.

The report was presented by F. W. Turnbull (Cons. Regina), chairman of the committee.

"The committee recognized the urgent necessity for prompt consideration of amendments to the British North America Act, with reference to a redistribution of legislative power and to clarify the field of taxation," the report declared.

The committee sent telegrams to the attorneys-general of the nine provinces asking them to make submissions on the "best method by which the British North America Act may be amended so that while safeguarding existing right of racial and religious minorities and legitimate provincial claims to autonomy, the Dominion government may be given adequate power to deal effectively with urgent economic problems which are essentially national in scope."

The provinces declined to make submissions, several taking the view that it was only by a conference that progress could be made. Prime Edward Island, Nova Scotia, Quebec, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia took this position. New Brunswick promised to submit its views, but has not yet done so. Ontario declined to make submissions at the present time.

"The committee recognizes," the report declared, "that there is a divergence of opinion with respect to the question of whether or not the British North America Act is a statutory recognition of a compact among the four original provinces of the Dominion and as to the necessity or otherwise of provincial concurrence in amendments."

"Without expressing any opinion upon that question, the committee feel that in the present case and at the present time it is advisable in the interest of harmony and unity that there should be consultation with the provinces with respect to the adoption of a definite mode of amendment or the enactment of amending legislation which might seriously alter the legislative jurisdiction of the provinces and the Dominion."

## King To Inspect Aircraft

Five Miles Of Planes Will Form In Eight Rows

London.—Five miles of aircraft—the largest concentration ever brought together in Britain—will be reviewed by the king at Mildenhall, Suffolk, July 6.

His Majesty, wearing the uniform of marshal of the Royal Air Force, will inspect about 350 aircraft and their personnel, drawn from nearly 40 squadrons. These will be followed by a "fly past" over Duxford aerodrome, Cambridgeshire, of the greater part of these units in formation.

For the inspection the assembled squadrons will be drawn up in review formation in eight rows. The king will drive slowly along the semi-circular lines of aircraft. His tour will occupy nearly three-quarters of an hour.

## Eight-Hour Day

Railways Given Nine Months To Comply With New Law

Ottawa.—Canadian railways were given nine months in which to prepare agreements with their employees to institute a general eight-hour day in conformity with the Dominion's new law.

The House of Commons passed senate amendments to the eight-hour-day bill which were technical in nature except one. Under it, the act will have general application three months after royal assent but railway companies will be given an extra six months because of the difficulty of negotiating agreements with all their union men.

## Change Was Approved

Ottawa.—The House of Commons took less than two minutes to give second and third readings and consideration in committee stage of a technical change in the delinquency laws. The bill originated in the senate and was requested by children and adult societies. A bill making a companion change in the criminal code also was passed.

## Charge Discrimination

Dental Is Made That Canada Is Unfair To U.S. Trade

Canton, N.Y.—A spirited reply to an American charge of tariff discrimination was given at the conference on Canadian-American affairs by John W. Dafeo, editor-in-chief of the Winnipeg Free Press, and two Canadian educators.—Professor Frank A. Knox, of Queen's University, and Professor Robert McQueen, of the University of Saskatchewan.

Dr. Dafeo said the charge of Prof. Jacob Viner, of Chicago, that Canada, with its three-tariff system, was discriminating against the United States, had not been proved.

"Under our system of main, intermediate and empire tariff schedules," he said, "we go to other nations and offer them the intermediate rate on their goods in exchange for a preferential consideration of our wheat. The Americans with a single tariff, argue we have been unfair because we have three tariffs, and the United States is not favored by our intermediate tariff. It is our contention, however, concession should be given for concession," which has not been done under the inflexible single tariff system.

Dr. Dafeo said he believed the difficulties between the two countries could be composed if the United States did not have a single tariff system, but had variable tariffs.

## Would Unite Dionne Family

Ontario Government Outlines Plan For This Purpose

Toronto.—Chief guardian of the Dionne quintuplets, Hon. David A. Croil, Ontario minister of welfare, disclosed this when he attended the babies' birthday celebration in Calander, May 28, he outlined to Oliva Dionne, their father, the government's plans to reunite the Dionne family in one large home.

"I invited Mr. Dionne to ponder the plan for a few days, then come to Toronto," said Mr. Croil. "I have not since seen Mr. Dionne."

"I want to see the Dionne family reunited and hereby ask your permission to erect for you, out of the fund accumulated in a house sufficient for yourselves and your whole family in which the quints may be properly accommodated," said Mr. Croil in the letter he wrote Oliva Dionne, June 5.

"The present hospital may then be used as a schoolhouse for all your children," he continued.

The offer carried only two conditions—government control of business affairs of the children and retention of Dr. Allan Roy Dafeo as the babies' physician.

## Essay Winner

Edmonton Girl Student To Receive Free Trip To Australia

Toronto.—Grace B. Pattullo, 18-year-old student at Eastwood high school, Edmonton, won the free trip to Australia offered for the best fund-raising brochure by a Canadian high school student. Announcement of the awards was made here by L. R. Macgregor, Australian trade commissioner to Canada.

The \$50 prizes offered for the best essays from each of the other provinces include:

British Columbia (tie), Grace Walton, North Vancouver; and Marcelle A. Jabour, Prince Rupert; Saskatchewan, Margaret Macgregor, Nutana collegiate, Saskatoon.

Miss Pattullo, the all-Canada winner, is expected to accompany Hon. F. H. Stewart, M.P., and Mrs. Stewart to their home near Sydney, Australia, this autumn.

## Trotzky Again Disappears

Entire Party Drops Out Of Sight In Norway

Oslø, Norway.—Leon Trotzky, famed Russian exile, staged another mysterious disappearance here, dropping out of sight shortly after he arrived from Antwerp.

Trotzky, his wife and two secretaries went from Oslo to Hønefoss, town of 3,000 population, where they were expected to spend six months. The entire party disappeared, however, and efforts to locate it were unavailing.

London.—The Daily Herald said Leon Trotzky, Russian exile who entered Norway is "ridden with advanced tuberculosis," and his journey to the north was "a matter of life and death."

## Duke Will Head Council

London.—The Duke of York will be chairman of the advisory council on that country by the Prince of Wales, is forming to assist in administering the king's jubilee trust, it was announced.

## May Visit Canada

Ramsay MacDonald May Pay Social Visit To Friends In Dominion

London.—Ramsay MacDonald, lord president of the council and former prime minister, was disclosed to have under consideration an invitation to pay a social visit to friends in Canada.

It was not learned who issued the invitation, but it was recalled the diplomatic correspondent of the Daily Herald said Mr. MacDonald might go to the United States as a special representative to discuss with Washington authorities possibilities of Anglo-American co-operation in world affairs.

## BENNETT WILL CONTINUE TO LEAD THE GOVERNMENT

Ottawa.—Definite assurance only a breakdown in health will prevent him continuing as leader of the government was given by Prime Minister R. B. Bennett at a complimentary banquet tendered him by Conservative members of the House of Commons and the senate.

It had been expected Mr. Bennett would take this occasion to convey to his parliamentary colleagues some intimation of his intention with respect to the leadership in view of the anxiety created by his recent illness.

The banquet was private and the guests confined to members of parliament who support the government.

J. Earl Lawson, Dominion organizer for the Conservative party and member for the Toronto constituency of York West, in a statement at the conclusion of the banquet, said: "Despite the fact it may mean great sacrifice of the prime minister's health, his sense of duty to the Conservative party and to his country will induce him to carry on as leader of the government."

The banquet was the first occasion on which the prime minister has met his colleagues in a body outside the House of Commons since his illness. No caucuses have been held since his return to active participation in parliamentary affairs.

When he first returned, Mr. Bennett abated his customary long hours of work and did not attend evening sessions of the house. During the past 10 days, however, he has been a constant attendant at both afternoon and evening sessions, spending the mornings in his office, and he has held a cabinet council every week day since his return from England.

## Decrease In Fire Losses

Since 1934 Amount Has Decreased By Twenty Millions

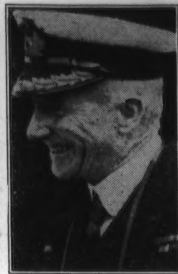
Ottawa.—Fire losses in Canada in 1934 decreased by more than \$20,000,000 as compared with 1930. George F. Lewis, O.B.E., Toronto, president of the Association of Canadian Fire Marshals, revealed in opening the annual conference of the association here. While fire losses as a whole had decreased in number and amount, it was disturbing to note, Mr. Lewis said, fires in dwellings have increased from 16,943 with a loss of \$7,000,000 in 1934 to 32,435 with a loss of \$9,957,000 in 1934.

## EARL OF BESSBOROUGH AT PETAWAWA



The Governor-General travelled to Petawawa Military Camp, Pembroke, Ont., a few days ago to perform the ceremony of laying the corner-stone of the new Administration building. In the picture His Excellency is putting the cornerstone in place.

## SIR ARTHUR ROSTRON



Veteran commander of the Mauretania for 11 years, who could not bear to see the auctioneer selling off the furnishings of the famous liner so did not attend the sale. He prefers to remember the great liner as he knew her at the height of her fame.

## Suggests New Commission

President Of Canadian Radio League Presents His Views

Canton, N.Y.—Graham Spry, president of the Canadian Radio League, told the conference on Canadian-American relations the Canadian Radio Broadcasting Commission has failed and suggested a 15-point constitution for a new broadcasting system in the Dominion.

Mr. Spry proposed appointment of a 12-member commission by the Dominion government in consultation with the leader of the opposition and representatives of smaller groups. Three members, he said, should represent the National government and nine the provinces.

The commissioners, he said, "should not be active members of any political parties, but should include men or women sympathetic toward or generally representative of the broad principles of the three political groups."

Mr. Spry said all political parties should be given use of the national network without charge at various times during the year, and that during election campaigns, national, provincial or local, they should be offered similar free time, having the option to buy additional time if they wished.

## Held Without Trial

British Subject Claims He Was Kept Prisoner For Four Years

Port of Spain, Trinidad.—Colonial authorities heard the story of George Weeks, a British subject, who declared he had been held in a Venezuela prison four years without trial, under threat of torture.

A native of Trinidad, Weeks signed a statement he had been refused right of communication with British consular officers during confinement. It was understood officers were considering a claim for damages against the Venezuela government.

## Muskat Ranches

Winnipeg.—Division of 11,000 square miles of marsh land in the Saskatchewan river delta east of The Pas into areas suitable for muskrat ranches was ordered by Manitoba Natural Resources Minister J. S. McDiarmid. Lands will be available for leasing by autumn.

## Investigate Relief

Hepburn To Visit Ontario Municipalities For This Purpose

Toronto.—Within two weeks Premier Mitchell F. Hepburn will visit various Ontario municipalities and personally investigate conditions of homes of relief recipients, he announced after 15 Ontario hunger marchers had conferred with him and cabinet members for nearly three and one-half hours.

Beyond this announcement and the statement he would hold another conference with the marchers, Mr. Hepburn made no further comment on the lengthy interview.

## To Accept Memento

Women Of Canada To Present Gift To Countess Of Bessborough

Ottawa.—Women of Canada will be given an opportunity to take part in presenting a farewell gift to the Countess of Bessborough. At a meeting held here, over which Lady Perley, wife of Sir George Perley, presided, it was announced that Lady Bessborough had consented to accept a memento of the happy years she has spent in Canada. A movement to present such a gift was launched at the meeting.

## REFORMS MUST BE MADE IN A LEGAL MANNER

Ottawa.—The government has gone to the extreme limits of parliamentary power to redress the wrongs uncovered by the mass buying commission, Premier R. B. Bennett declared in the House of Commons.

The prime minister was replying to attacks on the government's mass buying legislation by Hon. H. H. Stevens, former cabinet minister, who dubbed it anemic, ill-considered and ineffective.

"My own view," Mr. Bennett said, "is the constitution of this country must be changed." But it could not be accomplished in a day nor by parliament overstepping its legal bonds.

"If the people of this country," the prime minister warned, turning and facing his former cabinet colleague, "have been led to believe this parliament can pass any sort of legislation it likes, the age of lawlessness is on us. Let there be no mistaking that."

If reform is to take precedence over revolution, Mr. Bennett said, changes must be made legally. "It can not be right to induce the people to believe parliament has the power but will not exercise it through obstinacy or fear."

It was the first time the two Conservatives, who once sat chair-round the council table, have clashed in the house since Mr. Stevens' resignation.

Amid applause from all over the chamber, Mr. Bennett repeated his assertion Canada would never become a "weichee" on its obligations. It would be the ruin of the country if the public credit was shattered and this referred to public and provincial debts as well as domestic.

The former trade minister appeared nervous and halting when he started his speech, but warmed up as he proceeded. He claimed he remained a Conservative, and, because he believed insufficient attention had been paid to the dominance of credit reservoirs and industrial monopolies, he would speak to his fellow-Conservatives in the house.

"I stand by what I then said," said Mr. Bennett, referring to his radio speeches. "The legislation we have submitted to the house, subject to what I shall say later, does implement, in so far as the powers of this parliament extend, the report of the price spreads commission."

"My view is," Mr. Bennett said, "the constitution of this country must be changed." But it was a result of compromise and could not be changed in a day. There were many considerations that must be borne in mind.

Attempts had been made in the past, by his government and the King administration, Mr. Bennett said, to obtain agreement among the provinces to constitutional changes, but no tangible results were reached.

It was futile, Mr. Bennett proceeded, for any member to argue that parliament could name anything a crime under the criminal code, because the courts had ruled otherwise. "Whether we like it or not we must consider that point."

"To the limit of the power of parliament," the prime minister said, "we have invited parliament to give redress within our competence."

## REASON IS GIVEN FOR STAND TAKEN ON C.N. FINANCES

Ottawa.—Opposition to any change in the capital structure of the Canadian National Railways, while litigation was in progress before the privy council on behalf of the Grand Trunk shareholders, was emphasized by Premier R. B. Bennett in a statement in the house.

He also took the view the reports of the Canadian National should show always the investment the Canadian people had in the enterprise.

The appeal before the privy council would probably be heard next month in London, the prime minister explained. Leave to appeal was granted last March.

The statement was the result of a question by Ross W. Gray (Lib., Lambton West) following a hearing some time ago before the house railway committee. At that hearing C. F. Fullerton, president of the Canadian National trustees, had given evidence relating to a letter the prime minister had written objecting to cutting down the capitalization.

"To disturb the capital stock as it now stands might in certain eventualities be a matter of some moment to the Dominion of Canada who are the shareholders," said the prime minister, "and I desire on that ground to make it clear why I do not desire, until this litigation is disposed of, any disturbance in the capital structure. But in so far as the reduction of the capital stock, as such, is concerned, when the time comes, to the figure that represents the investment, I have nothing to say; but I do submit that most of us are anxious there should appear in the report of the Canadian National something that indicates what the investment of the Canadian people in the enterprise may be."

## Fills Seven More Posts

Premier Baldwin Appoints Many Former Government Members

London.—Prime Minister Stanley Baldwin filled seven more posts in his government, announcing the following appointments to posts of non-ministerial rank:

Minister of mines—Capt. H. F. C. Crookshank.

Minister of pensions—R. S. Hudson.

Under-Secretary for the home office—Capt. Euan Wallace.

Financial secretary for the admiralty—Sir Victor Warrender.

Civil lord of the admiralty—Kenneth Lindsay.

A member of former Prime Minister Ramsay MacDonald's Little National Labor party, Lindsay has never held office before. Crookshank has been under-secretary for the home department, Hudson, parliamentary secretary for the minister of labor, and Wallace civil lord of the admiralty.

Leslie Hore-Belisha, former minister of transport, and Sir Thomas Inskip, former attorney-general, were assigned the same posts in the new government.

## Discover New Vitamin

Canadian Laboratory Tests Produce Results Which May Assist In Control Of Disease

Toronto.—Discovery of a vitamin which may play a part in the further control of diabetes was credited here to Dr. C. H. Best, professor of physiology in the University of Toronto and associate of Sir Frederick Banting in discovery of insulin.

Collaborating with Dr. Best were Dr. J. M. Hershey, chief chemist in the university's insulin testing laboratory, and Miss M. E. Huntsman, professor of marine biology.

The essential chemical of the new vitamin is choline, which is the name given it by the discoverers. Choline was discovered in the course of insulin investigations.

## Senate Rejects Bill

Newspapers Will Not Have To Publish Shareholders' Names

Ottawa.—Marking its seventh failure in 10 years, the bill of T. L. Church (Cons. Toronto East) to compel newspapers to publish names of their shareholders was thrown out by the senate. With Senator James Murdock (Lib., Parkdale) sole dissenter, the upper house adopted the report of its banking and commerce committee rejecting the measure as "ineffective to attain its purpose."

## Great Scenic Wonderland

Canadian Rockies Provide Thrills For The Motorist

The fame of the Canadian Rockies as an unsurpassed summer playground has spread throughout the world, and each year sees an increasing number of tourists visiting this great scenic wonderland. Through the construction of modern motor highways access has been provided to scores of Nature's beautiful spots and great panoramas of rugged mountain grandeur revealed.

Motoring in the Canadian Rockies provides one of the unforgettable thrills of a vacation spent in Canada, and of all the routes open to motorists the most spectacular is that linking the Prairie with the Pacific, which traverses the two great mountain playgrounds, Banff and Yoho National Parks, and furnishes access to such well-known tourist resorts as Banff, Lake Louise, Moraine Lake, Emerald Lake and the wonderful Yoho Valley. The route from Winnipeg to Vancouver forms the western half of the Trans-Canada highway and is continuous but for the uncompleted section across the Selkirk range. Pending the completion of this stretch from Golden, British Columbia, to Revelstoke, British Columbia, known as the "Big Bend" highway, motor tourists may bridge the gap by shipping their automobiles by rail. During the 1935 season a daily automobile transport service in each direction between Revelstoke and Golden, commencing June 15 and ending September 15, will replace the tri-weekly service provided last year.

The train journey between Revelstoke and Golden will be made by daylight, thus providing a wonderful opportunity of viewing the beauties of the Selkirk, with their endless vistas of snow-capped peaks, glaciers, and verdant Alpine valleys. There will be no delay or unnecessary expense to the motorist, as automobiles and passengers will be carried on the same train and the automobiles will be ready for immediate delivery on arrival at Golden or Revelstoke. This service provides motorists with an all-Canadian route from Winnipeg to Vancouver.

### Some Facts About Mars

Scarcity Of Water On Planet And Atmosphere Is Rare

The temperature of Mars must be one of great extremes, due to the rareness of the atmosphere. Frosts at the equator probably occur nightly, says Nature Magazine. The surface temperature of Mars, at midday at the equator, has been estimated to be about the same as that on earth on a clear, cool day in spring, or about 60 degrees Fahrenheit.

Surface gravity on the planet is only a little more than a third of what it is on earth, and a man weighing 150 pounds here would find his weight reduced to 37 pounds on Mars.

Diameter of the planet is 4,215 miles, not much more than half that of the earth.

A most striking difference lies in the great abundance of water on the earth—three-fourths of the earth's surface is water—and the great scarcity of water on Mars, presenting a most serious problem in conservation to its inhabitants, if such there are.

Mars has a day only a little longer than that of our planet. The inclination of its axis of rotation to its orbit is about the same as that of the earth to its orbit. The Martian year is one year, ten and a half months. So the Martian seasons are similar to ours but nearly twice as long.

There is a summer, winter, spring and fall on Mars as there is on the earth. There is also an atmosphere on Mars, although it is much less dense than our own, and there are clouds, although they are comparatively rare phenomena.

**Messages Of Congratulation**  
Over 10,000 telegrams have been sent out from the Court Post Office at Buckingham Palace in reply to messages of congratulations to the King on the Silver Jubilee. So complicated was the task of replying that the King approved a system of numbered telegrams to be used for various types of messages, states the News of the World. Fifteen separate forms of reply were used.

**Only Three Used**  
It is curious that of the 12 months of the year, only three are first names for persons—two feminine and one masculine. May and June are very good names for girls and August is all right for boys. And why not April for girls and March for boys?

## THE KING RIDES FAVORITE CHARGER IN ROTTEN ROW



The King went for an early morning ride in Rotten Row, Hyde Park, two mornings in succession, when he used the horse he rode at the Trooping of the Colour ceremony. Here we see His Majesty smiling acknowledgment of the salutes of other riders.

### Scotland's Noblest River

Silver Tweed Connected With Places Famous In War And Verse

Canada's new Governor-General, Baron Tweedsmuir, has taken his title from the parish of his ancestors which, in turn, took its name from Scotland's noblest river. The silver Tweed is not a stream of industry or commerce like the Clyde or the Thames. It keeps its sparkling waters free of the muck of trade so that pleasure craft may have room and the salmon find harborage. It is not a big river as rivers go with us—it is only about a hundred miles long. But it rolls through a country of great beauty and one as rich in story as any the world knows. "Which of the world's streams," asks George Borrow, "can Tweed envy?"

The Tweed rises in the south of Peebleshire, not far from Tweedsmuir, and flows through or along the boundaries of Peebleshire, Selkirkshire, Roxburghshire, Berwickshire and Northumberland until it reaches the sea at Berwick. For 17 miles of its course it constitutes the boundary between England and Scotland.

There are any number of notable places along the Tweed and its tributaries. "I can stand on Eldon Hills," wrote Scott, "and point out 43 places famous in war and verse." Eldon Hills themselves, with Trimontium, the ancient Roman camp at their base, are among the famous places; and to the north are the ruins of Melrose, and abbey noted in its day for the beauty of its architecture and the austerity of its monks. Dryburgh Abbey, which like Melrose, was wrecked by the heavy hand of Edward II, is also in the valley of the Tweed. And so is Abbotford, where Sir Walter Scott lived and passed away, and Bemersyde, where Lord Haig spent his last years.—Vancouver Province.

### Hottest Star

Newly Discovered Star Said To Be Six Times As Hot As The Sun

The hottest body in the universe is the new star "Nova Herculis," discovered last December by a British amateur astronomer, Prof. Boris Voronovskii Vellamirov of the Moscow astronomical observatory, asserted. He said months of study with powerful telescopic and photographic apparatus had convinced him the temperature of the new star was six times that of our sun.

### Poorly Equipped

"Now, children," said the schoolmistress, "how do you suppose Noah passed his time on the ark?"  
There was no reply.  
"Come on," she went on. "It's my opinion that he did a lot of fishing. Am I right or wrong?"  
"Wrong," replied little Freddie.  
"Wrong, am I?" smiled teacher.  
"And why?"  
"Noah couldn't have done much fishing," replied the boy, "he'd only got two worms."

### Agricultural Revenue

The total gross agricultural revenue of Canada for 1934 is estimated at \$931,347,000, as compared with \$802,940,000, the revised estimate for 1933. This represents an increase of \$128,407,000 or 16 per cent. There are increases in the revenue from all items, the greatest increases being shown in field crops, farm animals, and dairy products. 2104

### Makes It Taste Better

Cherry Syrup Takes Bad Flavor Out Of Medicine

Led by cherry syrup, a new sweet, the cost of taking the bad taste out of medicine is going down.  
The movement is a swing back to some of the practices in grandmother's days, fostered by the American Pharmaceutical Association at the meeting of the American Medical Association.

Under this plan, as exhibited in Atlantic City, N.J., physicians can mask the horrible tastes of medicines with simple syrups at one quarter the cost of proprietary preparations commonly used.

The cherry syrup is used to mask the taste of preparations used for giving iodine to children. The taste is one of the most bitter in nature, but in the new syrup the flavor is only that of cherry soaked in sugar.

### Taking Things Easy

London Physician Did Not Practice What He Preached

Dr. J. E. H. Roberts, an eminent London physician, came to New York to address a congress of international surgeons. His topic was the advisability of taking it easy, and stressed the disadvantages of the rush necessitated by modern life. To arrive in New York in time for the lecture Dr. Roberts had to commute a fast car from Waterloo Station to Southampton, because he missed the train in London. At the Southampton pier he discovered that the boat already had sailed and so he hired a tug, chased the liner to Southampton Water and boarded the vessel there!

### The Leap Extraordinary

'Twas a dark and stormy night. The trainman, says the C.N. Railways Magazine, was signalling the engineer when he dropped the lantern to the ground. Another man, passing by, tossed it back up to him on top of the box-car.

In a few minutes the engineer a new man, came rushing to the scene. "Let's see you do that again," he said.

"Do what?"

"Jump from the ground to the top of that box-car."

### How To Treat Poison Ivy

Some Simple Remedies That May Be Found Useful

Various treatments for ivy poisoning are given in the free pamphlet on poison ivy issued by the Dominion Department of Agriculture. The treatment most widely recommended at the present time is to dab the affected parts with a three per cent solution of potassium permanganate. The stain left by this solution soon disappears or may be removed slowly by soap and water. Iodine tincture will also be found useful. Once the blisters have appeared all rubbing should be avoided, and care taken to prevent infection spreading by painting iodine around the edges of the sores, and by using compresses soaked in a two per cent solution of aluminum acetate, an alcoholic solution of sugar of lead (50 to 60 per cent rubbing alcohol) or any other cooling substance (baking soda, boric acid solution, etc.). In persistent cases the treatment may be varied by the use of ointments which may be removed again by sponging with hot soapy water.

Avoid dusting dry baking powder or boric acid powder on oozing sores, as the latter will be sealed over by a hard crust, thus aggravating conditions while frequent exposure to air relieves them. In slight cases where the oil of the ivy has not as yet penetrated the skin, scrubbing with laundry soap in running water will remove the danger.

### Advice Was Sound

Curran was one of history's most capable legalists. A client once complained that he had intrusted fifty gold pieces to a merchant who now denied the transaction. Curran advised: "Deposit fifty pieces more, but take along a friend as witness." These instructions were followed. The following day the lawyer advised: "Go and withdraw the gold you deposited yesterday." The merchant returned this money without complaint.

"And now," was Curran's final advice, "take your witness-friend with you and go and get back the other fifty gold pieces."

Rice is being grown on dry land in Manchukuo.

### Beauties Of Coral Reef

Growths Look Like Plant Vegetation But Are Really Animal Structures

The finest coral barrier reef in the West Indies borders the eastern shore of Andros Island, in the Bahamas. It is some 100 miles long and grows near the edge of a submerged cliff facing the trade winds. A short distance to the windward the submarine precipice plunges vertically more than a mile into the depths of the Tongue of the Ocean, an arm of the sea penetrating the heart of the Bahaman archipelago.

As one sails over the coral reefs in a glass-bottom boat and gazes down at the sea gardens, the coral castles surrounded by thickets of waving sea growths to the uninitiated appear to be a plant vegetation of varied hue and graceful form. These are the gorgonians and, far from being plants, are in reality animal structures. Like the corals, they are colonies of polyps, but instead of building limestone habitations they have specialized in horn, or chitin as a building material, according to the National Geographic Society.

If one were to don a diving helmet and descended into the water to examine the gorgonians more closely, he would see that the fertile plumes, the flat, lacy fronds of the sea fans and the club-shaped branches of the sea bushes are alive with close-set ranks of tiny expanded polyps, tinted green, yellow, pink, or white. Myriad of starlike forms, either radiating arms around open mouths, hungrily sweeping in their invisible prey. The delicate transparent columns, which are their bodies, rise from pitlike openings perforating the branches of their common dwelling places. There is no obvious sign of activity.

Yet beneath the outer crust their bodies unite in a network which permeates the entire structure.

### Has Been Well Preserved

Old Fort Wellington In Ontario Is Now Historic Site

It is gratifying to find that old Fort Wellington at Prescott, Ontario, one of the "sights" of the upper St. Lawrence region, is becoming increasingly popular with visitors to the extent, indeed, of attracting over a thousand of them already this season.

This fortification which one shell of high explosive would to-day shatter to atoms, has been described as one of the best preserved old military works in Canada, and certainly its condition and the repairs to which it is subjected year after year form striking tribute to the interest which successive Dominion administrations have taken in its welfare. It is to-day largely as it was when it was manned by British garrisons and when its cannon, now so useless really meant business.

Now included in the National Parks system and set aside for perpetuity as an historic site, Fort Wellington is well worth examination on the part of any person, no matter where he may live, who is interested in the past of this country and in the incidents associated with its history. It is encouraging to find that more and more people from all points of the compass are making their way within the palisades of the old fort to marvel at the skill of the engineers who designed it well over a century ago and to rejoice in the fact that it no longer serves a warlike purpose.—Brockville Recorder and Times.

### Ireland Planting Trees

Free State Is Importing Seedlings From Other Countries

That orders for 1,750,000 transplants and seedlings have been ordered for this year's tree-planting drive in the Irish Free State, has been announced by the Department of Lands at Dublin. The potential trees include larch, Scotch pine, Norway spruce, Japanese larch, silver fir, beech, birch, ash and oak. Because domestic nurseries could not fill the larger order seedlings are being exported from many other countries.

Due to rotation of the globe, west to east flying is less difficult than east to west flying; spinning of the earth gives the east-flying aviator a tailwind at high altitudes.

The United States weather bureau has been sending out warnings on tropical storms ever since 1873.

Buttermilk has approximately the same food value as skim milk.

Britain now has 24 charities for the blind.

### Value Is Obvious

Sensible People Will Have Medical Examination Every Year

The Canadian Public Health Association is an advocate of favoring annual health inspections for the public. Dr. H. M. Harrison emphasized the fact that pain often came too late to apprise an individual that there was something seriously wrong, and that, as in cancer for instance, cure is easy if presence of disease is discovered in the early stages. British Columbia and Alberta have drafted health insurance bills, and in both there is provision for compulsory annual medical inspection.

The value of annual medical examinations is so obvious that the wonder is as comparatively few people make a habit of it. They do not go to a doctor so long as they feel well, or, at least, there is nothing seriously the matter with them. Of they just do not go for an annual overhaul "because they don't like going to the doctor." People who do not pay an annual routine visit to a doctor are like the factory owner who has no preventive apparatus to cope with a fire. When a fire is discovered he just do not go for an annual overhaul "because they don't like going to the doctor." People who do not pay an annual routine visit to a doctor are like the factory owner who has no preventive apparatus to cope with a fire. When a fire is discovered he just do not go for an annual overhaul "because they don't like going to the doctor." People who do not pay an annual routine visit to a doctor are like the factory owner who has no preventive apparatus to cope with a fire. 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## W. A. HURT

**Welding**  
Portable Machine  
Satisfaction  
Guaranteed.  
John Deere  
Cockshut Farm Implements  
Elephant Brand Fertilizer.

**Dr. S. H. McClelland**  
Veterinary Surgeon  
Honor Graduate Ontario Veterinary College  
Office—McClelland's Retail Drug Store. Phone 3 Crossfield

**Council Meetings**  
The council of the village of Crossfield will meet in the Fire Hall on the first Monday of each month at the hour of 8 o'clock p.m.  
By Order of the Village Council.  
T. Tredway, Sec.-Treas.

**Canadian Legion B.E.S.L.**  
Crossfield Branch  
Meets on the last Saturday of each month in the Masonic Hall at 8 p.m.  
Visiting Comrades Welcome.  
F. MOSSOP, R. D. SUTHERLAND, President Secretary

**DENTIST**  
**Dr. HARVEY D. DUNCAN,**  
218a, 8th Ave. W., opposite Palace Theatre, Calgary

## Classified Advertisements

**FOR SALE—Bargains in Used Tractors.**  
John Deere Tractor #300, Minneapolis Tractor #330, I.H.C. 15-30, \$50.

Wm. Laust  
**FOR SALE—Team of Mares,** weight about 2300 lbs., 4 years old, well broke, an extra good team; 1 Sorrel Gelding 6 years old, weight 1600 lbs.; 1 Grey Binder 8 ft. cut; M. H. Mower, Harrow, Hay Rake, Wagon and Box.

Apply to  
J. Demere, Crossfield

**FOR SALE—Rhinubarb,** also a number of choice cabbage and cauliflower plants. Apply to  
Mrs. Blough, Crossfield

**FOR SALE—1 Buffalo Fowl.** \$60.00 half cash. Apply to  
Thos. Tredway

**Tenders Wanted**  
Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to July 8th for the re-painting of West Hope School. For particulars apply to  
W. L. SIMMONS, Sec.-Treas. Madden, Alta.

**HUTTON'S FOR MAGNETO, GENERATOR, Starter Repairs, Batteries** Parts for all magneto. Distributors of American and Robert Bosch, Eismann-Wico Magneto. Everything electric for car and tractor—Hutton's Electric 131 11th Avenue West, Calgary. Phone MS895—Res. M9026

**Carl Becker**  
Contractor and Builder  
Repairs and Alterations a Specialty.  
Box 14 Crossfield

**All Kinds of TINSMITHING WORK**  
**J. L. McRory**  
CROSSFIELD Alberta

**United Church Services**  
Sunday, June 30th, Crossfield—Sunday School 11:15 a.m. Crossfield—Public Worship 7:30 p.m. Madden—Public Worship 8:00 p.m. Inverness—Public Worship 8:00 p.m. A hearty welcome extended to all.  
Rev. E. Longmire, Minister

**Church of the Ascension (ANGELICAN)**  
Sunday, June 30th, Evensong 7:30 p.m. Rev. Norman Plummer, L.L.B.

Sunday School picnic was postponed to Tuesday July 9th at the farm of W. Urquhart.

**Acid Stomach?**  
**BISMA-REX**  
AN ANTACID POWDER

Quickly relieves the discomfort of your stomach, acid dyspepsia, heartburn, indigestion, gas on stomach and nausea. SAFE - PROMPT - EFFECTIVE Pleasant Tasting.

4 oz. size - 75c  
16 oz. size - \$1.50

**Edlund's Drug Store**  
Crossfield Phone 3

Get your stationery and school supplies at the Chronicle office.

## The Crossfield Chronicle

W. H. Miller, Editor  
Subscription \$1.50 per year in Canada.

Advertising Rates  
Classified Ads. 35c 4 times \$1.00  
Local Ads. per line 15c  
Cards of Thanks, a line 10c  
Obituary Poetry, a line 10c

Notices of entertainments, lectures, teas, etc. per line. An admission fee is charged, 10c per line.

Crossfield - Alberta.  
Thursday, June 27th, 1935

## Local News

Crossfield's Annual Celebration will be held on July 1st.  
Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Leask of Madden were in Calgary on Monday.

Howard Wright attended the Seed Growers' Conference at Edmonton last week.

Many from the town and district attended the Barnes Circus at Calgary on Monday.

Rev. Longmire is visiting at Dalemead this week, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. King.

We have red, white and blue crepe streamers, also crepe paper in 10 foot lengths.—Chronicle Office.

S. J. Heggie of Taber is spending the last few days of his holidays in town, guest of Mr. and Mrs. G. Y. McLean.

The post office wicket will be open between 10 and 11 a.m. only on July 1st. Lobby doors open as usual.

On and after June 26th the courier will leave the Crossfield post office at 11:00 a.m. on Wednesday and Saturday.

Mrs. A. A. Halliday returned on Saturday from Macleod where she has spent the past few weeks visiting her daughter Mrs. P. C. McCrea.

Miss Margaret Murdoch and Miss Alice Collicutt are leaving on Monday to attend Summer School at Edmonton.

C. H. McMillan was a Calgary visitor Tuesday, in connection with the visit of the General Manager of the Canadian Bank of Commerce S. H. Logan.

Jock Chalmers, local painter is busy giving the local Bank premises the once over, and making a good job of it.

Mayor J. B. Holden and J. Fitzallen, Secretary of the Town of Vegreville, visited the local office on Wednesday on their way to the Municipal Convention at Calgary.

Mrs. J. H. Kilpatrick of Herrington, Kansas, arrived here on Sunday to visit her father, D. K. Fike, and brothers in the town and district.

Hugh McKay farm hand on the Tom Goldie farm, picked up a balloon, bearing a small tube. The tube contained a card, asking that the finder notify the Meteorological Bureau, Toronto. The balloon, was released from Toronto by May and the finder will receive a reward of \$2.50 for returning the tube.

The new premises being erected in town are nearing completion, and it is expected that Mayor Wood will be ready for business very soon. Councillor Spivey is rushing the final work on his residence and expects to move in early in July.

Alfred Stevens' new store goes up by leaps and bounds, and all in all, Crossfield's building boom still flourishes.

Carstairs Stampede, which is second only to the Calgary Stampede, will be held on Wed. July 3.

"Buster" Brown of Crimmo, is spending the week in town and is registered at the Oliver Hotel.

Motoring to Edmonton Monday morning, room for three. Enquire at Chronicle office.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Devins, Mrs. Matlock of Okotoks, and Fred Patchell attended the Stampede at Sundre the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Bills and granddaughter Letta arrived here this morning (Friday) from Van Nuys, California.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Stralo arrived home this morning (Friday) after spending the past three weeks at their old home in Ontario.

The baseball players of the Midgott League have been supplied with baseball caps, a different color for each team.

With the warm weather of the past week and ample moisture, crops are showing exceptional growth.

Professor D. Cameron of the University, Edmonton, and Mrs. Cameron were visitors in town Thursday, the guests of Mrs. Willis.

There will have to be some maintaining done on the gravel road east of town very shortly or there will be nothing left to maintain.

## Social Credit

You Cannot Fool All the People All the Time

Madden, June 17th  
Crossfield Chronicle

Dear Sir:

Please do not think that I am wanting to hog your paper, but think in fairness to all the people who read and subscribe to your paper you do not mind printing the two sides to Milt McCool's idea of taxation on equipment.

I wish to state that Mr. McCool made a pretty good but unsuccessful attempt to deceive all the people.

Under social credit as I see it, and as we studied it, the unearned increment is in the soil or just price of any article or product. It does not matter whether it be a pair of shoes, or a side of beef or \$3,000 equipment.

If a farmer gets a loan for \$3,000 for his equipment the unearned increment is in that \$3,000. Under social credit they are figuring the life of said equipment at an average of 10 years and suggest extending the payment of \$3,000 over the period of ten years which would run out at \$300 a year. Owing to depreciation of equipment which Mr. McCool does not even mention and which varies a lot, such as a man having an implement shed and the other man having to keep his outside they think 10 years is a fair average. Any unearned increment going to State outside of the yearly payment of \$300 is taken from the products or price of products which is being produced by said equipment.

As to the question of the 50 years life of the equipment, that's all hooey, although he did ask the question. When a binder or seeder has done 10 years work I think any fair minded man will agree it is pretty well used up and has quite a lot of money spent on it for repairs, of course out of the price on said repairs a certain amount of unearned increment would go to the state like any other product. I wish to make it plain that a farmer after making his payments for 10 years at \$300 and which is considered a fair lifetime for the equipment, the only unearned increment the state asks for, is from the products produced by said equipment. Please remember the loan is free of interest and compare it with \$3,000 worth of equipment under the present system, on time, and at 6 per cent.

With regards to Aberhart suggesting they lay off Sunday picnics for the purpose of raising funds, I don't see any cause for a slant. If Aberhart was to be brought before judge and jury through a complaint laid by his secretary, there would be plenty of reason for slams.

Thank you in advance to publish this letter.

Yours Truly  
Arthur Brown.

**Experimental Grain Plots**  
Experiments in growing of different varieties of grains is being conducted by D. W. Carmichael of the Midland & Pacific Elevator and should be of interest to the farmers of the district.

Mr. Carmichael has 21 different plots each of a different variety and sown with pure seed. He has seven different varieties of wheat, seven of oats and seven of barley.

Mr. Carmichael will be pleased to have anyone interested see these plots.

The second reduction of motor car and truck licenses comes into effect on July 1st, and will be on sale at the post office on June 29th.

You will usually find the worth while things advertised.

With prospects of a big crop, hog prices steadily advancing, social credit dying out, and the big sports day on Monday, everybody is happy.

No doubt do to the favorable conditions this year, J. H. Schofield has a profitable business. These trees were planted ten years ago and this is the first time they have bloomed.

Mr. and Mrs. Pete Knight are expected to arrive in Crossfield on July 4th and they will visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. Knight until the opening of the Calgary Stampede.

Joe Demere reports the loss of 30 acres of wheat do to the work of cut-worms or wire-worms. Some parts of the district report slight losses from these pests, but they appear to have gauged-up on Joe.

Friday last day of school and the pupils are being taken by their teachers to a picnic at St. George's Park, Calgary. The high school students are going on a sight-seeing tour through some of the large Calgary plants and to finish up at St. George's Park for lunch.

**Crowded Houses Hear Brownlee and McCool**

Mr. J. E. Brownlee and R. M. McCool addressed crowded meetings at Cochrane, Mountain View Hall, and Carstairs on Monday and Tuesday this week. The Cochrane and Mountain View meetings are reported by old timers as the largest political meetings ever held at these points with an actual count showing 600 attending the two meetings.

Archibald McFadyen reports the Carstairs hall was packed at 9 o'clock and the doorway filled with people unable to obtain seats, as Mr. McCool of the Hanna Herald says.

U. E. C. is not a strong dominant factor in the coming election is only fooling them selves.

A number from Crossfield including the Editor and his wife attended the afternoon meeting at Mountain View Hall. A basket lunch was served at noon and the afternoon programme consisted of songs, readings and addresses. Mr. P. H. Swanson acted as chairman. Mr. Geo. Church of Balzac a member of the central U. E. C. executive spoke briefly on the work of the parent organization.

Mr. McCool reviewing the work of the present government pointing out many major problems they have had to deal with and the very capable way they had been handled.

He answered many criticisms that were being levelled at the government. He pointed out clearly where these were either badly exaggerated or were not based on fact.

After reviewing the history of firms and currency and the duties of governments, Mr. Brownlee launched into the clearest of the clearest of Mr. Aberhart's social credit proposals this district has ever heard, step by step Mr. Brownlee showed where the proposals were not based on Douglas's principles, that it was purely a taxation scheme of enormous magnitude, and that it was not workable either from a constitutional or practical standpoint. He pleaded with the people to give these proposals very thorough consideration before taking a plunge that would set back the progress of this province for many years to come.

The very keenest of interest was shown in the addresses and much valuable information was brought out during the question period.

One surprising point being that Alberta with 7% had the second smallest percentage of unemployed of any province in the Dominion. Prince Edward Island being the lowest. Alberta is also the lowest tax province in western Canada.

**Carstairs Stampede and Frontier Day Celebration**  
**Wednesday, July 3rd.**

Commencing with Monster Parade at 10.00 a.m.

**\$575 - In Prizes - \$575**

**CHAMPION RIDERS - WILDEST HORSES**

**SECOND ONLY TO THE BIG CALGARY STAMPEDE**

**MIDWAY - BASEBALL - WATER FIGHT**

**Admission 50c Public School Children FREE**

**BIG DANCE AT NIGHT!**

## Hot Dogs Win Midgott League

Since last report five games have been played and the Midgott League has finished their schedule resulting in the Oliver Cafe Hot Dogs winning first place.

League Standing

Hot Dogs	P. W. L.
Hot Dogs	8 0 2
Kooy Kups	8 4 4
Knot Holes	8 2 6

**CALGARY**

**50th EXHIBITION and STAMPEDE**

**"A HALF CENTURY OF PROGRESS" and DIAMOND JUBILEE**

of the arrival at Calgary of the North West Mounted Police

**JULY 8 to 13**

Exhibits, Stampede, Parade, Cowboy Sports, Livestock Review, Running Horse Races (starting July 8) "Fascinations of 1935" Mounted Police Musical Ride, "Hunt Highlanders" Band, Uptown Street Displays, "House of Magic," "Hunter's Paradise," Gorgeous Fireworks, Friday—Stampede Shopping Day.

**Admission**

To the Grounds, 25c, 12 or under, FREE. Grandstand Enclosure, 50c.

Extra for Reserved Seat, afternoons, 60c. Evenings, 25c.

Low railway and bus fares, and special excursions from Alberta, Saskatchewan and British Columbia mainland points Tuesday and Friday. Inquire of your transportation agent.

Prize lists and illustrated literature from

**CALGARY EXHIBITION and STAMPEDE LTD.**

C. M. BAKER, President. E. L. RICHARDSON, Manager

**GRAIN EXCHANGE MAKES OFFER TO AID PROBE INTO OPERATIONS**

Reveals Exchange Suggested Months Ago That Appointment of Pool Man as Government Supervisor Would be Welcomed.

In order to clarify its position in view of statements made at Ottawa, the Winnipeg Grain Exchange has issued the following statements:

"On Friday afternoon the Prime Minister in a speech in the House of Commons reiterated the allegation originally made by Mr. John L. McFarland last October that foreign grain firms were engaged in a bear raid in the Winnipeg market. This allegation was investigated by the Council of the Winnipeg Grain Exchange and was fully answered in a statement issued and published in the press November 2, 1934, in the following terms:

"On October 1st Winnipeg newspaper carried a statement with Mr. John L. McFarland, who is in charge of the government's wheat operations, in which he stated that he would recommend to the government at Ottawa that an investigation be made into the selling of wheat on the Winnipeg market and would urge the government to make representations to the governments of Argentina and the United Kingdom that they take similar action in regard to the futures markets in Buenos Aires and Liverpool. About October 4th a mischievous despatch purporting to be the inside story of an organized bear raid on the Winnipeg grain market during the two previous weeks appeared in many of the leading newspapers throughout Canada. This despatch originated apparently from some newspaper service in Winnipeg. It made free use of Mr. McFarland's name and its contents would lead many people to believe that figures and supposed facts given in it must have originated from Mr. McFarland's organization. The article is inaccurate and misleading; there was no condition existing in the trading on the Winnipeg Grain Exchange that would justify such a story. It reads like fiction, and to the best of our knowledge that is just what it is. There is no evidence in the figures showing the market position of grain firms as at September 17th and October 1st, secured by the Council of the Exchange from the Clearing House, and which have been disclosed to Mr. McFarland, that any bear raid was attempted. Mr. McFarland has also been advised by the Council that the international firms whose names have been mentioned in this connection were ready to authorize the Clearing House to make the figures showing their trading available to him.

"The international investigation suggested by Mr. McFarland on October 1st should, in our opinion, not be lost sight of. There can be no argument

about the fact that our greatest need is to export more Canadian wheat, and if there is any chance of an independent international investigation into the situation in the Canadian, Argentine and English markets will disclose anything in the actions of government agencies or individuals that is making it difficult for us to market our wheat abroad, it should be undertaken at once. It would obviously be in the interest of the whole country as well as of our wheat producers. It would, we are sure, be welcomed by the grain trade of Canada.

The Council of the Exchange is prepared to afford facilities for investigation of the trading operations of all its members, without exception by competent and impartial persons, if such an investigation is deemed to be in the public interest, and has previously advised Mr. McFarland that the Exchange would, in addition, lend all possible assistance to a government supervisor of the kind, who would be in the Stamp Commission should the government see fit to appoint

"The action of the Winnipeg Grain Exchange in setting minimum prices for December and May wheat of 75c and 80c per bushel respectively was taken at the instance of the Dominion government and in pursuance of the policy the Exchange has consistently pursued of co-operating with the Dominion government, and government wheat agency."

"Following the issuance of this statement, R. W. Milner, the President of the authority of the Council, advised Mr. McFarland that the Winnipeg Grain Exchange would welcome the appointment by the Dominion government, to the position of Grain Exchange supervisor, of George Melvill, who has been assistant to Mr. McFarland since December 1930, and who previously to that time was in charge of the Canadian Co-operative Wheat Producers Limited (the Pool) and the National Wheat Marketing Board.

"The Council of the Exchange is prepared to afford facilities for investigation of the trading operations of all its members, without exception, and as to the appointment of a Grain Exchange supervisor, it has never been withdrawn. Representatives of the Winnipeg Grain Exchange now in Ottawa are prepared and anxious to appear before the committee of the House of Commons, which has just been appointed, to meet the allegations which have been made with reference to the bear raid and the supposed present short position, and to supply any information which the committee may require."